LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.

VOLUME XXI. LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY: WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 8, 1865. NUMBER 229.

FOR SALE AND RENT.

For Sale.

A GREAT NUMBER OF JOIST, RAFTERS, BRICK and Sheeting, and all kinds of building materials, at the old warehouse, on the levee, between Fifth and Sixth. Apply at Malt House, on Sixth street.
mr5 eld dlw CHAS DREW.

Land for Sale.

20 ACRES OF LAND, SUITABLE FOR GARDENing purposes, situated on the Shippingport road, within three-fourths of a mile of the city limits. Apply to B. Musselman, O Bannon's Postoffice, Jefferson county, Ky., or to
T. T SUMMERS, Jefferson st.,
fe6 deod3f bet. Second and Third, Louisville.

House for Rent and Furniture for Sale.

FURNITURE NEW AND COMPLETE. PRICE $1,800. House contains eight rooms, all in good repair, with gas and water, in a convenient locality. Rent $400. Address Postoffice Box 193, immediately. mr6 d3*

FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL, ON REASONABLE TERMS, MY new House, just finished, on Walnut, above Fifth street. (mr5 eld dlf) A. J. BALLARD.

For Sale.

A LOT OF SECOND-HAND DOORS, WINDOWS, &c., in perfect order, for sale cheap. Inquire at my shop, on Green street, between Second and Third.
mr4 d6 T. D. FOX.

FOR SALE.

A COMFORTABLE RESIDENCE, EAST SIDE Seventh street, between Broadway and York streets, eight room, smokehouse, cellar and cistern. For particulars and price apply to OSBORNE & McATEER, Agents, 624 Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth. (m 3 d6*) PH NALLY.

FOR SALE.

A FARM CONTAINING 200 ACRES, LYING A mile east of Lagrange, on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad; all under fence; about 125 acres in grass; the balance in timber. There are four log houses and other buildings on the place. A good investment for an enterprising man, as there is timber enough on it to pay for the place
Also a large and commodious two-story Brick Store and Dwelling House, with 2½ lots, in the town of Lagrange. The above will be sold at a bargain, and immediate possession given. For further particulars apply to WM. MANBY, Lagrange, Oldham county, Ky.
mr2 d6*

For Sale.

TWO BRICK HOUSES, TWO STORIES EACH, four rooms and servants' rooms, on Chestnut street, between Second and Third.
Apply to Frank Carter, at
fe28 D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

For Sale.

AN ELEGANT AND DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, for sale cheap, on the Bardstown Pike, within 20 minutes' walk of the Postoffice or 10 of the street cars, containing 7 rooms, with cellar, cistern, stable, &c., on a lot 100 by 195 feet, with a choice selection of ornamental and fruit trees. For further particulars inquire of Col. C. C. Allfland, on Green street, between Third and Fourth, or address R. M. D., Postoffice box 596. fe28 dlm*

For Sale.

A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, SITUATED ON THE west side of Fifth street, between Walnut and Chestnut. Lot 50 feet 9 inches front, running back to Center street, with good brick stable, smokehouse and cellar, on same. For particulars call on me at William Berry's, No. 630 Main street, between Sixth and Seventh.
fe28 d f G. M. HEWETT.

Valuable Building Lots for Sale.

IN LOTS OF SUITABLE SIZE, FRONTING ON Jacob College and Breckinridge streets, and on Arbor (or Preston), Floyd and Brook streets.
The especial attention of persons wishing to build during the ensuing season, either for their own use or to supply the pressing demand for dwelling-houses, is directed to this property, situated in one of the most beautiful and rapidly improving portions of the city. Most of the lots front on streets already paved or bowldered, and are ready for improvement.
Also, a very valuable lot, 132x½ by 200, southwest corner of Broadway and Preston street.
THOMAS P. JACOB.
Southeast corner Market and Third sts.
fe24 d12 South side Jefferson, bet Fourth and Fifth.

For Rent or Exchange.

A COTTAGE HOUSE, CONTAINING THREE rooms and kitchen, situated on the south side of Hill street, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth. For further particulars inquire on the premises, between the hours of 12 and 2.
fe24 d12* GEO. M. DAULLEY.

FOR SALE.

200 INDIANA AND ILLINOIS FARMS; 100,000 acres of wild Land, and a number of fine Flouring Mills, among which are the following:

No. 21. 192 acres, in White county, Ind., ½ mile from a railroad station, 125 acres in cultivation, with two frame houses and good orchard, 67 acres good timber. Price $12 50 per acre; terms easy.

No. 66. A splendid four-story Flouring Mill, with four run of four foot burr stone, two over-shot water-wheels, 10x14, with plenty of water, and in fine order, with 2½ acres of fine land and good dwelling house, located within 4 miles of Lafayette, Ind. Price $11,000; terms easy.

No. 14. 960 acres of fine unimproved prairie Land, in Benton county, Ind. Will sell 40 acres and upwards at $6 and $7 per acre.

The lands in this portion of the State are of a first-class character.

Persons desiring to look over our full list of property can obtain the same by calling at our office, or addressing us by mail, requesting the REAL ESTATE BULLETIN, which will be sent them free of charge.
HAMLIN & HISE, Real Estate Agents,
210 Jefferson st., bet. Third and Fourth.
fe28 dtf Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE.

TWO COTTAGES, CONTAINING EACH TWO rooms and kitchen. Also Blacksmith's Shop, on Fulton street, just above Jackson, in the city of Louisville, Ky. For further particulars inquire of T. T. Summers, Esquire Connell, or Robert Rowland, Jeffersonville, Ind. Also for sale, a Cottage Frame, two rooms and kitchen, on Maple, near Telegraph street, Jeffersonville, Ind fe28 dtf

FOR SALE.

DRAY AND TEAM, ALL COMPLETE AND READY for use. Apply to R. A. FRAZER, 210 East Market street, above Brook. fe23 d17

FOR SALE,

AT NEW ALBANY SEVERAL FINE STORE-Houses in the best business part of the city. Also the business in one of them. Address X at this office. fe22 dlm*

Tavern Stand for Sale,

IN SMITHFIELD, HENRY COUNTY, A HOUSE suitable for a Tavern stand, and recently kept as such, is offered for sale at a bargain. It contains six good rooms, cooking department and bar-room, each separate. There is a good frame stable connected with the premises. Terms reasonable. Call on the premises. (fe10 dlm*) GEO. ATCHISON.

Lumber for Sale.

SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND FEET OF WELL seasoned Lumber, sawed for tobacco boxes. All kinds of lumber sawed to order.
Also 75,000 hard-burnt brick for sale. Address
L. L. DORSEY, Jr.,
fe13 dtf Louisville Postoffice.

FOR SALE.

MY FARM OF 205 ACRES, AT O'BANnon's Depot, on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad, is offered for sale. It is well watered and well set in grass, has five acres of vineyard (young vines), young orchard of apples and peaches. Would take a city residence in part pay. Call and see me, as I will give a bargain; or apply to Dr. FOREE, opposite the Customhouse, Louisville, Ky.
no13 dtf B. MUSSELMAN.

Land for Rent, in Louisville.

BETWEEN THIRTY AND FORTY ACRES OF rich river bottom Land, in the city of Louisville, about one mile and a half from the Court-house, are now offered for rent. This tract is well adapted to the purposes of a gardener, a dairyman, or a tobacco planter. For terms, &c., apply to F. WEDEKEMPER, north side of Jefferson street, between Hancock and Clay, or at the office of J. BROWN, Court Place. ja5 dtf

For Sale.

ONE OF THE BEST BUSINESS STANDS ON MARket street, suitable for a clothing or boot and shoe store. Rent very cheap. For particulars address "A. B." at the Democrat office. ja17 dtf

Dwelling House for Sale.

A VERY COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSE and Furniture, situated east side Third street, between Chestnut and Broadway, can be bought at a reasonable price. Apply to
fe6 dtf R. J. MENEFEE, 118 Main street.

Beargrass Land for Sale.

I WISH TO SELL 48 ACRES OF THE BEST BEARgrass land, in Jefferson county, situated on the Frankfort and Shelbyville road, about 5 miles from the city limits. About 12 acres of the land is in timber, underlaid with a fine blue-grass pasture; the balance of the tract (new ground) in regular cultivation. There is not one foot of the above land but what is fine and tillable, being level and well shaped. To gardeners, or a person desirous of improving a beautiful country home, this place is almost unequaled. For price and particulars apply to me, at my residence, near the Fair Grounds, on the Shelbyville pike.
se14 dtf J. THATCHER.

GOOD NEWS.

I HAVE JUST RECIVED FROM THE EAST A large assortment of black, fancy, and plain DRESS SILKS, which I will sell 25 per cent. less than any other house in the city; also a full line of WHITE GOODS, TABLE LINENS and TOWELLINGS, a large assortment of MOURNING DRESS GOODS, a large stock of SPRING MANTILLAS and CIRCULARS, and a stock of DOMESTIC GOODS. CALICOS at 20 cents per yard Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. Market street, between Second and Third, No 217.
fe13 d3m SAMUEL ROTHCHILD.

QUARTERMASTERS' VOUCHERS, Government Claims, AND CHECKS ON WASHINGTON,

Bought or collected on commission by
C. L. RADWAY & CO.,
No. 221 south side Main street, bet. Second and
fe24 Third.

JNO. BENNETT. CHAS. C. BRENNER.

BENNETT & BRENNER, HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,

320 Jefferson Street, north side, between Third and Fourth,
(R. C. Shirley's old stand),
fe26 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.—200 SACKS IN STORE AND for sale by GEO. C. HUNTER.
ja15 d&dtf Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

WANTED.

SUBSTITUTES WANTED.

THE HIGHEST PRICES PAID. CALL ON THE undersigned, at No. 235 east side Third street, bet. Market and Jefferson. SUBSTITUTES FURNISHED on short notice by the same.
mr7 dl2* M. S. LORD.

WANTED.

A No. 1 MILLER, TO GO TO BRANDENBURG, KY. Single man prefered. Apply at
MITCHELL & ARMSTRONG'S,
mr7 d3 223 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

Boy Wanted.

WE WANT A BOY ABOUT FIFTEEN YEARS OF age to learn the Hat trade.
mr7 d6 GREEN & GREEN.

Wanted.

A HAND WHOSE HABITS ARE GOOD. TO SUCH a one liberal wages will be paid.
mr7 d3* JAS. HARRISON,
Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth.

Wanted.

A BOOK-KEEPER AT A WHOLESALE DRY GOODS house. Address Drawer 65, giving references.
mr7 nl3d3

Situation Wanted

BY A YOUNG LADY AS HOUSEKEEPER IN A family, or seamstress. Best of reference will be given. Address M. J. L., Democrat office. mr7 d6

Wanted.

A YOUNG LADY TO TEACH SMALL CHILDREN, in a private family; one who can teach music. Address Drawer 58, Louisville Postoffice. mr7 d1f

WANTED TO RENT.

A GOOD, NEAT DWELLING, CENTRALLY located, containing six or eight rooms, without regard to price. Address Drawer 229, Post office. mr6 d6

Substitutes

Wanted and Supplied.

I AM ALWAYS READY TO PAY THE HIGHEST cash price for good substitutes for one and three years, and will supply them on short notice.
I will supply substitutes at Bowlingsgreen and Lebanon during the next draft, on short notice.
JOHN McCARTHY,
mr3 d3m No. 1 Court Place, Louisville, Ky.

Horses and Mules

FOR GOVERNMENT PURPOSES, WANTed at the Shelby Stock Yard. The highest cash price will be paid.
mr1 d1f H. B. DONALDSON.

Work Mules Wanted.

PERSONS HAVING WORK MULES 14½ to 16 hands, 3 to 8 years old, will find a liberal purchaser at the Shelby House, for 10 days.
mr1 d10

Wanted.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE will be paid for 500 CAVALRY and ARTILLERY HORSES and 500 MULES, at ELIAS LEVI'S Auction and Sale Stable, corner Seventh and Market streets.
fe25 d1m ELIAS LEVI.

Wanted.

Mules and Horses,

SUITABLE FOR GOVERNMENT PURPOSES, WILL pay the highest cash price for them, at our stable.
MOODY & YOUNG,
fe21 dtf Corner Fifth and Green streets.

WANTED.

A SITUATION AS GOVERNESS, BY A YOUNG lady qualified to teach the branches of an English education and music on the Piano. Moderate compensation acceptable in a pleasant family. Refers to Mrs. Eliza Field, Mr. Geo. Anderson and D. P. Cropper. Address either of the above, Louisville, Ky. fe23 d1f

Wanted.

I WISH TO BORROW FROM $4,000 TO $5,000 FOR two or three years. Ample improved real estate will be given as security. Address EDWARD, Louisville Postoffice. fe22 dtf

15,000 Mules Wanted

FOR WHICH THE HIGHEST PRICES WILL BE PAID

AT W. B. LEONARD & CO.'S,
feb 16 d3m Market, between Fifth and Seventh.

Milliners Wanted.

NINE NUMBER ONE TRIMMERS WANTED. TO those who understand their business I will pay the highest price and give steady employment. Call immediately at MRS. HIRSHBERG'S, 235 Market,
fe17 dlm* Between Brook and Floyd.

Wanted.

THREE THOUSAND MULES ARE WANTED by the undersigned, at Brawner & Gaslin's Auction and Sale Stable, for which the highest market price will be paid in cash. The Mules must measure 14 hands and upwards.
fe1 dtf BRAWNER & KNOX, Market st., bet. Sixth and Seventh.

SUBSTITUTES WANTED. SUBSTITUTES SUPPLIED.

ORDERS ADDRESSED FROM THE COUNTRY TO P. O. Box 765 or a personal call at our office, No. 230 Third street, next door to Peacock's Livery stable, will be promptly attended to.
ja27 dtf LOOMIS, SMITH & CO., Substitute Brokers.

WANTED.

TWO THOUSAND MULES ARE WANTED by the undersigned, for which the highest market price will be paid in cash. They must be sound and in good order, measuring 14 hands and upwards.
ja16 dtf J. L. REYNOLDS & CO., Market st., bet. Second and Third.

Substitutes Wanted.

I AM PAYING THE HIGHEST PRICES FOR SUBSTITUTES, and will supply them on reasonable terms. Look out for the draft, and secure a substitute from the subscriber for three years.
H. M. GARRETT, Substitute Broker,
Morning Star Saloon,
ja4 Corner Fifth and Jefferson streets.

WANTED,

Thirty Good Milliners,

FOR THE SPRING TRADE. INQUIRE OF
MRS. A. E. PORTER,
de23 dtf 331 Market street.

STRAYED & STOLEN.

Horses Stolen.

STOLEN FROM MY STABLE, IN THIS city, Feb. 26th, one black horse, seven years old, 16½ hands high, slight mark on the left hip, caused by rubbing. Black Hawk breed. Also, one sorrel Horse, 16 hands high, seven years old, Green Mountain Morgan stock. They will answer to their names—Jack and Bob.
JULIUS FOSSES,
Capt. and Inspector U. S. Cavalry,
mr3 d6 Louisville, Ky.

LOST AND FOUND.

$200 Reward.

LOST—BY THE UNDERSIGNED, ON Tuesday evening or night of 21st of February, either between Spratt's Warehouse and the steamer Morning Star, then lying at Portland, or on said steamer, a POCKET-BOOK containing $100 in Treasury notes and notes of hand to the amount of about $10,000, all payable to me but one, which is endorsed by G. F. Funk. I will pay $100 in addition to the money contained in said pocket-book for the return of the papers to Sperley, Woolfolk & Co., in this city, and no questions asked.
mr1 d4* A. G. CRUTCHFIELD.

Found.

A LADY'S FUR COLLAR, ON THE 28TH of February, at the corner of Center and Broadway. The owner will pay for this notice and prove property. Inquire at the Democrat office. mr7 d3*

Found.

A SUM OF MONEY WAS FOUND ON THE STREET in this city, some months ago. Apply at this office
mr6 d6*

LOST.

ONE CERTIFICATE FOR TEN SHARES OF STOCK in the Bank of Ashland, Kentucky, in the name of Abraham Kiphart, No. 10, date 1 January 8, 1859. Notice is hereby given that application has been made for the renewal of same.
JACOB KIPHART,
mr1 d12* Ex'r of A. Kiphart, dec'd.

STOVES, TIN WARE,

Country Hollow Ware and House-Furnishing Goods,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS AND STRANGERS visiting this city are respectfully invited to call, as I have a full assortment of the most approved patterns of COOKING STOVES, and all articles in my line, and prepared to sell as low as any house in this city.
Give me a call, at No. 232 Main street, between Third and Fourth. [fe6 d3m] WM. PYNE.

Volunteers.

ONE YEAR STATE SERVICE

I AM AUTHORIZED BY ADJUTANT GENERAL LINDSEY to recruit one Company of one year men for the State service, to guard the line of the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad. The pay, rations, clothing, &c., same as in the regular service. For further particulars address the undersigned, at Kuntze's Restaurant, east side Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson.
fe15 dtf CAPT. CHAS. JUNOT.

Daily Democrat.

TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT TO THE COUNTRY.

ONE YEAR.....$10 00
SIX MONTHS.....6 00
ONE MONTH.....1 00

To our Country Patrons.

Please to register your letters containing remittances, as we hold ourselves responsible for all losses to us when letters are registered. We are not responsible for losses in the mails, should they occur, unless letters are registered.

☞The New York Herald is jollifying over the prospect of the good time coming. Slavery is now dead, whether the constitutional amendment is adopted or not; so that now politicians who have made this subject their hobby will be out of date. Their occupation will be gone. This is about as silly and short-sighted as usual with the Herald. The abolition of the old system of slavery is only the beginning of trouble on the negro question. It will be in a worse muss than ever before.

Up to this time Congress was only occupied with fugitive slave laws and slavery in Territories, now it must look into the status of the negro everywhere, take care of him, meddle forever with State affairs, and make itself disgusting generally. What Congress will do with the negro, or what the States shall do, is now to be an element of Federal politics. If there had been no fugitive slave laws, and no Territorial question, the negro could not have got into Federal politics. Now he is to be the chief object of Federal legislation in all time to come. The bill establishing the Freedman's Bureau is proof enough of this. The next Congress will do exploits on this subject, which the one just passed never thought of. There is plenty in this subject for half a dozen rebellions. The negro is dragged into this fight. He has no interest in it; but he must be made now to risk his life and shed his blood to accomplish the ambitious purposes of the white man, and when it is all over he is to be kicked and cuffed about as nothing but a negro. But ah, conscience, humanity, justice! Is it justice to drag a negro into battle in a contest he did not make? Is it justice to make him fight for a country which is not to be his? The Devil, we presume, has just such a conscience, and feels about as much humanity.

But no matter; here is a question that will not subside. Two races on the same soil, so radically distinct, will not live on a basis of equality. They have never done so and never will, unless there were so few of the inferior race as to attract no notice and form no sensible element in a community. The Constitutions and laws of the free States show this troublesome question only in its mildest phase. But that is nothing, compared to the condition of things in the South, where negroes are numerous. There labor has been directed by skill and enterprise. When this new, progressive, fanatical party works out its end, all will be in confusion and anarchy.

But the dominant party will turn plons and tell us about God, and what He designs. Well, we are not at all posted up in His purposes. We are satisfied that they are all right and don't need our supervision; but it seems to us if He had intended anything for this African race he would have begun in Africa, and elevated the hundreds of millions from barbarism there, instead of beginning with a few million in this country that are doing infinitely better than their brethren at home.

☞The London Quarterly derides our abhorrence of rebellion, inasmuch as we are a nation born of rebellion. The writer ought to recollect that a rebellion against us is very criminal, whilst a rebellion against other people may be very well, and, indeed, highly meritorious. In this country we have usually taken a delight in all the rebellions that have occurred; taking it for granted that a rebellion against any Government, except ours, was not without a good reason. When the Colonies rebelled against England, their conduct shocked the sensibilities, not only of King George, but also those of the people of England generally. We rebelled against the best Government in the world with not much certainty of success, and no very flattering prospect of making better institutions than we had. The Colonies did succeed. So it was decreed; why we do not know. The world, generally, agreed that it was all right, and even old England has since concluded that the successful rebellion was produced by her own folly. If she had shown a little wisdom and less self-conceit—if she had made concessions instead of exactions, she would have retained her Colonies.

In 1776 the rebellion was shocking—very bad, indeed, although George III. owed his throne to revolution. The Colonies might have derided the horror of rebellion felt in England, inasmuch as the Government of England was itself the fruit of rebellion.

The fact is, as we have stated, a rebellion against us is detestable. It is rebellion against right and justice; but a rebellion against other people may have, and probably has, a good reason. Indeed, our fathers asserted flatly that all history shows that men are more disposed to endure evils, whilst evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. According to their high authority, there is always a presumption that rebellion has a good reason, and is, therefore, right, and ought to succeed. Indeed, it is the doctrine of this country that no Government exists *jure divino;* that no man or party has a divine right to rule other people. Rebellion is a conventional wrong, not a natural or moral one. We can't, however, expect any Government to look thus coolly at a rebellion against itself. After generations may excuse the rebellion, and even condemn the Government, as the English now treat the rebellion of 1776. We were once inclined to give full credit to the men of 1776 in their affirmation, which always made a presumption in favor of rebellion; but the rebellion South is an exception. It will be hard to find a good reason for it at the start, and the rebels themselves are not agreed, if they had a good reason, what it was; yet it is a fact that the rest of mankind sympathize with them; regard them as on a level with us, or even above us. We are asserting despotically our right to rule a brave and earnest people resisting an unwarrantable assumption. So little is the respect they pay to our superior virtue and righteousness.

The writer, then, need not make months at us for being shocked at rebellion, if we were born of rebels ourselves. We are only like other people. If the States had separated peaceably, then, indeed, he might have marveled, for we should have been unlike the rest of mankind. Washington is reported to have said, when he affixed his name to the Constitution: "This is the last time our country will change its Government without bloodshed." Notwithstanding our assertion that all just Governments were founded on the consent of the governed; that any people had a right to alter or abolish their form of Government and establish another; and, of course, that a resistance to the exercise of this right could not be justified—notwithstanding, we say, all this, Washington was too wise a man to believe that his countrymen would be able to carry such ethereal doctrines into practice. We could not change peaceably, was his judgment. We should follow, after all, the old track, and repeat what men had done before us.

☞We observe the Senate has made an outlay of twenty-five thousand dollars, to pay for a picture not yet painted or designed, from the artist Powell. The expenditure at such a time does not strike us as in the best taste, even if the artist's talents were all and more than all that is claimed for him by his most admiring friends. The air is thick with the groans of the dying, and the sickening smell of freshly spilled blood pervades every place, but those painted and perfumed halls in the Capitol at Washington. Starvation is fallen upon the tender innocence of childhood, and the gentle, murmurmuring helplessness of mourning womanhood. At such a time to be coolly laying out money to decorate, with empty prettiness, a hall, whose best and only necessity is the eloquence and patriotism of our representatives, seems like cold-blooded indifference. When it was proposed to present Gen. Thomas with a house and lot, he requested that the money might be laid out for the benefit of his wounded soldiers and the widows of those who had fallen. Better the Senate had followed the example given, than waste money in gaudy trifles in the capitol. There is a time for such things, but surely it is not now.

It may be said that the sufferers by the war have been provided liberally for. It is not true. They have established a freedman's bureau, but this is for the blacks, not for the whites. The whole policy has been to give to the slave the boon of liberty as a priceless gift. If the reward is so great what claim additional have they for an especial bureau to provide them with houses, food and education? If the theory is correct, the negro has profited immensely by the war, while the whites only have suffered; but we have no especial bureau to relieve their sufferings. If it is said that all has been given for that purpose the country can afford, we flatly deny that; and the contemplated painting, when finished, will remain forever upon the walls of the capitol, a perpetual proof of the falsehood of the statement. Vast as is the spectacle of distress and want brought upon feeble womanhood and helpless children even by us, out of the sweep and besom of destruction, it is not a tithe of the awful scene of calamities within the fell swoop of the armed forces. We know that those who voted for this measure thought nothing of this, or if they did it was with rejoicing, not sorrow. The wail of the Southern mother and child is music to their ears; and, in a paroxysm of fanaticism, and with a horrible affectation of piety, they ascribe the results to heaven, thus striving to charge their own intolerable wickedness upon the Almighty himself. We have no patience with such blasphemy.

To add, if possible, to it, we are told that the artist designs selecting for his subject one of our greatest naval victories in the present war. It was a law even of the Roman Empire that no commander should be entitled to a "triumph" for victories won in a civil war. It was not thought proper to perpetuate the recollection of success, no matter how justifiable the cause that was won by shedding the blood of fellow-citizens. Yet we propose to leave in our national capital just such a memorial as the unchristianized Roman rejected as unnatural. We thought the Senate had passed an act that no such memorials should stain the capitol walls, and we rejoiced at it. Honor and reward the skillful Generals and the brave soldiers, as they richly deserve, but let the war and its battles, so far as such memorials as these are concerned, sink into oblivion. We may be mistaken, but we have the impression that such a resolution did pass the Senate, and we hope it did, to check the ardor of this well-paid artist in showing to future generations how Americans slaughtered Americans.

There are plenty of subjects for the scope of the artist's genius without this. America has done grander, nobler, braver things, of which posterity will be proud, and proud to see delineated upon the capitol walls, than anything this war has produced. No matter how well it is done—no matter if he is inspired by the genius of all the artists, whose immortal works outlive and defy time, if he selects such a subject as this, his whole canvass will appear but as one awful smear of blood.

As sure as it is done, so surely will some future generation, inspired by nobler, more generous, more Christian sentiments, order that the picture shall be taken down from its place in the capitol and destroyed.

The conclusion is simple. However much in the emergency we rejoice in our brilliant victories, we do not wish it to be forever remembered and kept in view that a civil and savage war was fought.

☞With the last session of the Senate closed the services of our distinguished fellow-citizen, the Hon. Lazarus W. Powell, in that body. The country owes him much for his calm wisdom in times of great peril, when he sought to preserve the just equilibrium that madness was striving to overthrow. The State of Kentucky owes him much for his tenacious regard for her rights and interests; for the dignity and ability with which he represented her in the councils of the nation.

Always self-possessed, always good-humored and ready, it was his happy fortune to win the respect of those who were his opponents, and whose fanaticism could not blind them to the fact that, although disagreeing with them, he faithfully and truly represented the wishes of his constituency.

We have not agreed with Mr. Powell at all times since his entrance into political life; but knowing him as we did, we always believed he was doing what he thought was best for his State and country. His course has been wiser and more conservative than we ever thought it would be, and such as must occur when different persons seek what is thought best for all. In losing his services and experience in such a crisis, the country and State lose much, but the usefulness of such a man is too great for him to be allowed to remain long in retirement.

☞A committee of gentlemen have been appointed to solicit means to relieve the wants of soldiers' families in this city. We are glad to say that they have so far had gratifying success. We hope none will refuse what they are able to give. If these families got regularly the soldier's pay, it would not now save them from want; but in many cases they get nothing for months, and in some instances the head of the family has not been heard from for many a month. He may be dead or in prison. Care will be taken to prevent any imposition. The idea that there is any compulsion about this is an error. It is an appeal to the good feeling of our people altogether, and we have no doubt it will be satisfactory to those in need.

☞This Congress has at last done one good act. It has adjourned. It has one chance to be somewhat redeemed in the world's estimation, and that is in the probably worse conduct of its successor. It may do so badly as to overshadow the ill conduct of the body just adjourned.

☞Over one thousand refugees have arrived at Memphis since the 1st of January, seven hundred and eighty of whom were sent North.

☞Easter falls this year on the 16th of April.

DRUID'S LETTERS.

A Curious Parallel—History Repeating Itself—Napoleon's Campaign of 1814 Being Fought Over Again in Virginia.

[From the New York World.]

BALTIMORE, Feb. 28.

NAPOLEON'S CAMPAIGN OF 1814 REPEATING ITSELF IN VIRGINIA.

Whoever will sit down with the map of France before him, and will study attentively the last struggle of Napoleon in that country, during the four months of the year 1814, will rise from that study impressed with the remarkable similarity between that campaign and the one now in progress in Virginia and the Carolinas. In almost every point the resemblance is striking. The season of the year, the state of the roads, the vast numerical difference between the contending armies, the military objects in view—all seem to be the same. General Lee is playing the part of Napoleon; Grant, Sherman and Terry are playing the parts of the allied sovereigns of Russia, Austria and Prussia. The three armies of Grant, Sherman and Terry are closing around General Lee, and pressing him hard, as the allied armies of Russia, Austria and Prussia were closing around Napoleon, and pressing toward Paris. General Lee stands at bay with not one third as many troops as those under Grant, Sherman and Terry, as Napoleon stood at bay with not one-third so many troops as were concentrated against him. General Lee is not Napoleon, but he is known to possess military genius of a very high order, and he possesses all the advantages which Napoleon possessed at the period alluded to, and some that Napoleon did not possess. It cannot fail to be instructive to glance briefly at what Napoleon did in the crisis of his fate; for it is probable that General Lee will adopt the same line of strategy, and, it may be, with the same results.

INVASION OF FRANCE BY THE ALLIES IN JANUARY.

Early in January the allied army, nearly two hundred thousand strong, had passed the Rhine at different points and invaded France. Napoleon's armies, greatly inferior, were obliged to retire before them; and, in twenty-five days after the invasion of the French territory had commenced, the allies had succeeded, almost without firing a shot, in wresting one-third of France from the grasp of Napoleon. The united forces of the allies stretched in an immense line, three hundred miles in length (exactly the distance from Richmond to Columbia, in South Carolina), from Flanders to the banks of the Rhone; all the intermediate country in their rear was occupied by them, its fortresses garrisoned by their troops, its resource lost to Napoleon.

DESPERATE POSITION OF NAPOLEON.

That great general bent all the energies of his mind to the task of concentrating his own forces, and of reorganizing his armies, which had been terribly shattered and disorganized in the severe campaigne of 1812 and 1813. The resources of his empire were exhausted. There were no more men of the proper military age to be obtained. After the most strenuous exertions he found that he could only concentrate seventy thousand men, of whom fifteen thousand were cavalry. Yet, such was his confidence in the discipline of these, and in his own powers, that he resolved to assume the offensive at once. He did so; but, after a few successful but comparatively unimportant engagements, he was defeated, with heavy loss, by Blucher, in the terrible battle at Brienne, on the 1st of February, in which Napoleon commanded in person, and in spite of his personal exertions.

THE ALLIES BELIEVE THE FALL OF NAPOLEON TO BE CERTAIN.

The cause of Napoleon appeared now altogether desperate. He had been defeated in a pitched battle, on ground which he himself had chosen, losing six thousand men and seventy-three pieces of cannon. Everything seemed to presage the immediate dissolution of the French power. Obliged, after this defeat, to evacuate even Troyes, to see that city occupied by the allies, and compelled to retreat toward Paris, the spirits of his soldiers became so much depressed that they seemed incapable of any further exertion. They believed that the star of Napoleon had set; they feared that Paris itself would have to be abandoned; the cause of Napoleon seemed to them to be at an end. The new conscripts deserted by crowds; the sides of the roads were covered with arms and knapsacks; already the litters of the wounded and the disbanded conscripts began to be seen in the streets of Paris. These facts were known to the allied powers. They believed that the cause of Napoleon was altogether desperate; that it was impossible for him to recruit his army, or to make with it any stand whatever against their combined forces, and that his defeat was inevitable. They rose in their demands, therefore, believing that they had the power to enforce them.

HOW THE GENIUS OF NAPOLEON TURNS THE SCALE.

But then it was that the genius of Napoleon shone forth with undiminished luster. Then it was that he made strategy and skill supply the place of numbers. Concentrating forty-five thousand of the *elite* of his army, he fell, like a thunderbolt, on the 9th of February, upon the long and thin line of Blucher, pierced it, and routed it; then marching rapidly to Champaubert he defeated the Russians there. Having thus gained the initiative, and having by these victories again inspired his troops with their former courage, he found himself able, with a concentrated army, to turn at pleasure upon any of the scattered columns of the allies. The defeat of the Russians and Prussians at Montmirail followed on the 11th; the defeat of Blucher at Vauchamps followed on the 14th; and on the 15th Blucher, with his great army, retreated to Chalons, closely pursued by Napoleon. Paris was thrown into transports of joy by these brilliant victories of Napoleon; the allied army continued to retreat at all points, and the haughty allies proposed to Napoleon an immediate suspension of hostilities. Napoleon, however, although he only had now fifty-five thousand troops, had determined to make negotiation entirely dependent on the progress of military events, and he refused to suspend his operations. On the 18th of February he defeated the allied army at Montereau, and the allies retreated beyond the Seine.

THE ALLIES PROPOSE AN ARMISTICE.

These repeated successes of Napoleon restored the prestige of his name and the magic of his renown; the young conscripts deemed themselves invincible under his direction. The allied sovereigns were confounded and amazed at such a succession of disasters as had befallen their arms; they were mortified at the defeat they had sustained from an army not half as large as their own; they saw before them no prospect but that of a long retreat, through a hostile population, to the Rhine; and for the second time they offered to Napoleon an armistice.

WHY NAPOLEON REFUSED AN ARMISTICE.

But Napoleon had now performed the most extraordinary and brilliant military achievements. Recovering his army, by the force of his resolution and the energy of his character, from the lowest point of depression, he had at once arrested the course of disaster and struck the most terrible blows against the armies of the allies. Suddenly stopping his retreat after his defeat at Brienne, and falling perpendicularly on the line of march of Blucher's army, he had surprised the Prussian marshal, whose scattered corps fell an easy prey to the superior force which he directed against them. At Champaubert, Montmirail and Vauchampe, he had inflicted a loss of 20,000 men on the allies, losing only 5,000 men himself; at Nangis and Montereau he had stopped the advance of the allied army, caused them a loss of 12,000 men, and thrown back their victorious standards across the Seine. Such was the terror produced by his arms that irresolution and indecision succeeded to boldness in the allied councils, and 140,000 of the best troops in Europe abandoned their strong position at Troyes, retreated ignominiously before sixty thousand, and concluded, as we have seen, by soliciting from Napoleon an armistice. In order to gain time, Napoleon consented to a conference for an armistice. But so confident was he in his ability to gain the ends he had in view, that he would not consent to a suspension of hostilities while the conferences for an armistice were going on.

CAUSE OF THE DOWNFALL OF NAPOLEON

But a new actor now appeared upon the stage. England joined the allies, and threw the immense weight of her vast military power into the scale against Napoleon. By the treaty of Chaumont, March 1, it was agreed that the four allied powers—England, Austria, Russia and Prussia—should each maintain one hundred and fifty thousand men in the field. It was before this combination of six hundred thousand troops that Napoleon fell and Paris capitulated.

GENERAL LEE WILL ENDEAVOR TO FOLLOW THE EXAMPLE OF NAPOLEON.

Now, what are the lessons which General Lee, as a careful student of military history, will derive from the above remarkable passage in the life of Napoleon? It may be set down as certain, that he will endeavor to follow, as closely as possible, the illustrious example of that great General, and that he hopes that the same result will follow. There is no great degree of despondency at the South; the condition of the South is nothing like as desperate as that of France in January, 1814; and General Lee is now concentrating around him, as I will show presently, a much larger army than that which Napoleon had in February, 1814. It may be that, after he has concentrated all his troops and after he has assumed the offensive, that he will meet with a defeat in a pitched battle, as Napoleon did in that of Brienne. But it was after his defeat at Brienne that Napoleon gained all the brilliant victories enumerated above, defeated the allied armies, stopped their march toward Paris, saved his capital, and compelled the haughty allies to beg an armistice.

CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH WILL CONTROL GENERAL LEE'S FATE.

In view of all the circumstances as they really exist in Virginia and the Carolinas it seems probable that a battle of Brienne will soon take place. It may result as Napoleon wished the battle of Brienne to result, or it may result in the defeat of the Confederates. In the latter case, although General Lee must retreat, it will then be for him to pursue the tactics that gained for Napoleon the victories of Champaubert, Montmirail, Vauchamps and Montereau; and he will doubtless endeavor to do so. Will he be even measurably successful? That depends upon the force that he can concentrate, upon the condition of the roads for a month to come, upon the nature of the defenses of Richmond and Petersburg, upon the number of troops that can be concentrated against him, and upon the comparative ability, as strategists, of himself and General Grant.

GENERAL LEE'S AVAILABLE FORCES.

General Lee's utmost available force at present is as follows:

Troops defending Richmond and Petersburg	70,000
In the Shenandoah valley and at Lynchburg	10,000
The Wilmington garrison, &c., withdrawn	15,000
The Charleston garrison and troops under Beauregard and Hardee	45,000
Total	140,000

GENERAL GRANT'S FORCES.

Opposed to him, in Virginia and the Carolinas, he may reasonably expect to be confronted by the following bodies of troops at least:

General Meade's Army	120,000
Sheridan's Army, in the Shenandoah Valley	25,000
Available troops at Washington and Baltimore	15,000
Sherman's army, including 20,000 in garrisons and detached	70,000
General Terry's army, near Wilmington	20,000
Total	270,000

OTHER TROOPS FOR EITHER SIDE.

It is possible that there may be some other bodies of troops brought to co-operate with General Grant, enough to raise his whole force to three hundred thousand men. On the other hand, it is certain that General Lee has made arrangements for the transfer of some troops, not enumerated above, from the extreme west

Daily Democrat.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
HARNEY, HUGHES & CO.
—OFFICE—
South Side Green Street, two doors below the Customhouse.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 8, 1865.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS—*Tuesday, March 7.*—Pat. Hines, drunkenness and disorderly conduct; confessed and fined $2.

Henry Adkins and Patrick Miles—two boys not over twelve years of age—disorderly conduct; each sent to the workhouse for three months in default of $100 bail.

Martha McGill, an old offender, was up on the old charge of drunkenness; she was let off.

Clara Hamilton, drunk and disorderly; bail in $100 for six months.

Thos. Jackson, stealing $30 from William Dempsey; continued until Thursday morning.

James Pendegrast, suspected felon; discharged.

The negro woman presented yesterday for stealing clothing was let off.

Jane Lewis (f. w. c.), disorderly conduct; discharged.

Mary Hurley, an old timer, drunk and disorderly; discharged.

Frank St. John, P. Watkins and Amon Lockerman, shooting and killing Jacob W. Summerdike. The following is the testimony in the case:

Dr. Colescott called—The man was wounded in the abdomen, left side; I saw him at the Clay Hospital, on Sixth street; Summerdike is my recollection of the name; the man died last evening from the effects of the wound; I first saw the deceased about 11 o'clock Saturday morning; I think that the number of his ward was nine.

Winnie Quinn called—Board at Barbara Smith's; was at home Saturday night; there was a difficulty at the house; Lockerman, another soldier and two women had been out riding with Watkins and St. John; when they returned the hackman demanded more money of Lockerman and another soldier; they refused, saying that they had already paid $15; St. John then laid his hand on Lockerman's pocket; deceased then turned to St John and asked, "Are you a detective?" He replied, "It's none of your business, you s—n of a b—h," at the same time pulling his pistol and firing, the shot taking effect; the deceased was in the house when the party returned from the ride.

Cross examined—Watkins was doing nothing at the time deceased was shot; he was standing near the sofa; am acquainted with none of the parties; deceased was a soldier dressed in citizen's clothes; St. John drew his pistol from his side pocket; deceased had his hand in his pocket; the ball passed through the hand into the abdomen; no pistol was drawn except this one by St. John.

Margaret Smith called—Resides on Lafayette street; a difficulty occurred at my house last Saturday night; two soldiers, St. John and another, and two girls, went back riding, and when they came back the hackman, Watkins and St. John demanded more money, which was refused, the parties stating that they had already paid $15; deceased then went up to St. John and said, "Are you a detective?" St. John replied, "It is none of your business, you s—n of a b—h," at the same time he drew his pistol and fired; Watkins did nothing.

Cross-examined—Have kept house on Lafayette street for three months; St. John drew his pistol first; Lockerman, another of the accused, then drew his pistol.

Ellen Berger called—Was at Margaret Smith's Saturday night; was sitting near the fireplace, when I heard a dispute in regard to a back-ride; heard a report of a pistol and ran out of the room; saw some one with a pistol in his hand, but cannot say who it was.

F. A. Cleveland called—Resides in Chicago, Illinois; am on duty at Barracks No. 1; know the dead; his name was Jacob W. Summerdike; Lieut. Hines and witness took the dying evidence of deceased.

John Spaulding called—Was on Lafayette street Saturday night; heard the report of a pistol; ran to the house and knocked at the door, which was opened by some of the girls; when I went into the house I met Lockerman, who had a pistol in his hand; he denied having shot, and when I examined his pistol I found that no loads had been discharged; assisted in arresting the parties.

James Shindler called—Spaulding, Needy and myself were together Saturday night. Went to the house where the shooting took place. Arrested St. John and took from him a pistol, which had two loads discharged. The man spoken of by Dr. Colescott is the same one that was shot on Lafayette street.

David Needy called—(His testimony was the same as the other officers).

Lockerman and Watkins were discharged, the proof not implicating them. They were introduced for the defense.

P. Watkins called—St. John is a member of the Fourth Kentucky cavalry. Drove my hack to the corner of Preston and Lafayette streets last Saturday. Lockerman and another soldier engaged me. Drove around to Floyd street, where two women got in. Went to Knopp's garden, and afterwards returned. They were to pay $15 for the ride. As $2 was coming I went into the house to get the same. Deceased came to St. John and said, "Are you a detective?" St John replied: "It is none of your business," when the shot was fired. Cannot say whether deceased attempted to draw a pistol or not. Saw Lockerman draw his pistol around before him before St. John drew his.

Amon Lockerman called—(The testimony of this witness was the same as that of the previous witness.)

After briefly summing the testimony, the court committed Frank St. John to jail, to answer the charge of murder.

DRAFT MEETING AT THE COURTHOUSE.—There is no knowing when the draft may fall upon us, and there are a large number of citizens who are able to contribute $25 to the city fund, thus assisting in relieving our city from the coming draft, but who have failed as yet to contribute one cent. Now, there are a large number who have contributed, and there are others who expect to enjoy the benefits of that money who should, and we hope will, contribute, whether they think they have a right to do so or not. We learn that more men have presented themselves to enlist in this city than there has been funds to pay them with, consequently they go off where they can get the same amount of bounty, or, perhaps, more. We learn that there will be a called meeting of the citizens at the courthouse, on next Friday night, for the purpose of considering the draft and to take some action towards immediately relieving the city from the draft, which may fall upon us at any unexpected moment. Let all the citizens turn out *en masse* and let this work be completed at once, so that we can shout to the world, "free Louisville."

LOUISVILLE THEATER.—As we anticipated, this house was crowded from pit to dome, not leaving even standing room in any part, to witness Miss Hudson's "Mazeppa" last night; and among the audience we noticed many of the elite of Louisville society. Miss Hudson fully conceives the idea of the poet, and renders it with wonderful perfectness. She seemed a little nervous in the first scene, which we did not wonder at with so many eyes bent on her; but throughout she presented the picture painted by the poet, and there was nothing in the dress or acting to offend the proprieties of the most fastidious. She developed a new feature in the first scene, by introducing, as a serenade under Olinska's balcony, the beautiful song, "Thou art the star," which was rendered in a deep contralto of rare sweetness. "Mazeppa" will be repeated tonight, and all who appreciate art, grace and beauty should go to see it, and go early if they would secure seats.

PROVOST MARSHAL.—Major Alex. Magruder, Provost Marshal, has been assigned to duty on a board of enrollment. We take pleasure in stating that Capt. Geo. L. Swope, Fifth Indiana cavalry, Assistant Provost Marshal, has been assigned to duty as Provost Marshal of the city. Captain, we salute you and wish you well.

☞ The occupants of four houses of ill-fame were arrested, on Sunday, and put into the female military prison.

☞ Wilzel, the popular newsboy, has our thanks for Cincinnati papers, of yesterday, furnished in advance of the mails.

Meeting at the Courthouse Friday Evening.

It will be seen, by the following, that the committee appointed by the General Council to take charge of the disbursement of the city's bounty fund, call for a meeting of citizens, at the east room of the courthouse, on Friday night. We trust that there will be an immense outpouring of the people on the occasion. Let citizens subscribe and act promptly. It is a question in which all are interested. Let the fund be furnished and the quota can be filled:

To the Citizens of Louisville:

The committee appointed by the General Council to take charge of the disbursement of the city's bounty fund respectfully urge upon the citizens to meet with them at the east room in the courthouse, on Friday evening, the 10th instant, at half-past seven o'clock, to devise means for the purpose of increasing the bounty fund and appoint committees from the several wards to solicit and receive subscriptions for that purpose from the citizens generally.

It is important that every citizen who can should attend this meeting, and lend his aid to increase the bounty fund, else the volunteers who are daily and in large numbers offering themselves to be credited to the city of Louisville will, in a short time, have to be turned off for want of means to pay them the local bounty offered by the cit.

The necessary consequence will be that the draft will be made. This should and can easily be avoided if the citizens will but aid in increasing the bounty fund.

WM. KAYE, Mayor.
SAMUEL A. MILLER,
JOHN D. ORRILL,
JOS. T. TOMPKINS,
JNO A. CARTER,
HENRY WOLFORD,
Committee.

☞ We call the attention of our readers and the public generally to the advertisement of Mr. J. V. Escott, which appears in another column. Mr. Escott is a manufacturer and dealer in looking glasses, picture frames, pictures, photographic goods, artists' materials, window glass, photographic albums, etc., and has a large and excellent stock now on hand, which he is ready to sell at moderate prices. He has on exhibition some splendid oil paintings, portraits and landscapes, which are painted by some of the best artists in the country, and are worth going to see. Mr. Escott is an old and well-known citizen of this place, and we invite all who wish to purchase anything in his line of business to pay his store a visit, where they will find an excellent stock, at moderate rates, and clever gentlemen to deal with.

CLEAN UP.—It is expected that the river will begin to fall shortly, and we suggest a plan for cleaning the wharf: Soon as the water begins to fall, let a lot of men be engaged with stiff brooms, hoes, &c., to follow it up as it recedes and wash the mud into the water, which the current, to a great extent, will carry away. If the river should fall without doing something towards cleaning up along the wharf, it will leave the wharf in a filthy condition and cost a large sum of money to have it cleaned so as to look even respectable. Men can be employed to do this work, and do it cheaper and more effectively than by putting the steam fire engines at work on it after the river has fallen. Let it be done.

TRANSFER OF REAL ESTATE.—The following transfers of real estate were made in the city of Louisville and Jefferson county from the 3d to the 7th of March:

H. Kohkoph to C. Schuff, 25 by 202 on Jefferson, between Clay and Shelby streets.....$4,000
J. S. Dupont to A. H. Clapp, 26 3-12 by 105 feet, on Green street, between Seventh and Eighth streets..... 3,000
George McCurdy to J. M. Liebold, 16 3-12 by 102 feet, on Main, between Hancock and Clay streets..... 2,500
Wm. Winkleman to Chas. Goss, 22½ by 100 feet, between Madison and Chestnut streets. 1,650
George C. Castleman to J. W. Brannin, 60 by 105 feet, on Rowan street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth cross streets..... 1,000
T. Jack Cook to Willisch & Lemont, lots numbers 102, 103 and 104, in T. Y. Brent's northeastern addition to Louisville..... 200

BENEFIT OF MISS LAWRIE.—This afternoon has been set apart as a favorable one for a matinee at the Louisville Theater—a complimentary benefit tendered by the friends and acquaintances of Miss Maggie Lawrie. On this occasion Miss Leo Hudson, the celebrated equestrienne, has volunteered; also, Miss Ada Gray and other ladies of the profession, assisted by several of the leading actors of both theaters. The piece selected is Rockwood, in which Miss Lawrie appears. We bespeak for her a crowded house, and if the weather prove favorable we are satisfied the house will be filled to its utmost capacity.

GUERRILLAS AT ELIZABETHTOWN.—We learn, from passengers who arrived on the train from Nashville last evening, that, about 3 o'clock, a party of six guerrillas made their appearance at Elizabethtown. At the limits of the city they met one man, whom they robbed of some $50. Several shots were fired in the town, but without doing any serious damage. It was reported that there was a force of some seventy five a short distance back of the town, and it was feared that they would attack the place last night. We give the above report as it was brought to us by passengers on the train.

SCHOOL FAIR.—The Fair in the Masonic Temple was better attended last night than the night before. The best order prevails, and the lady managers do all in their power to make a visit at any one as agreeable and pleasant as possible. Go to the Fair tonight and you will not regret it.

BARRACKS No. 1.—Yesterday was a lively day at the barracks. One Hundred and Twenty-five convalescents arrived from various points, three hundred and eighty nine men were sent to Nashville, forty-seven to Cairo and two to Madison.

OATH.—Rash B. Lawrence, Jefferson county, and Valentine Bowen, rebel deserters, took the oath of allegiance yesterday. Joseph H. Sutton, Daviess county, Kentucky, and Robt. B. Willis, Jefferson county, each took the oath and gave bonds.

GUERRILLAS.—J. A. Rogers, Casey county, Ky., Ben F. Coffee, Larue county, and Lewis Porter, Larue county, were received here, yesterday, from Munfordville, Ky. They are captured guerrillas and are in limbo.

☞ W. J. Halley, at McCarrell's, on Jefferson street, has our thanks for Cincinnati papers. He receives the papers daily and persons can rely upon his having them when the mails fail.

REBEL DESERTERS.—A. L. Catlett, Tenth rebel Kentucky, and W. R. McGill, Thirteenth Kentucky, arrived here from Bowlinggreen. They being deserters, were sent to the Barracks.

☞ Thomas Kennedy and Thomas Jones were arrested yesterday, and sent to Barracks No. 1, for being disorderly on the streets. The latter is a soldier.

ARRESTED.—Dr. Keller, who lives on Preston street, near Lafayette, was arrested night before last, charged with harboring a guerrilla. He is in the guard-house at the Barracks.

☞ Wm. Bettlenback, Twenty-fourth Indiana, Jacob Rider, Sixty-sixth Ohio, and Mose Giles, Fifty fifth Tennessee cavalry, were arrested in the city yesterday as deserters.

OFF.—Two new regiments left this city for Nashville yesterday—the One Hundred and Fifty third Indiana and the One Hundred and Fifty-third Illinois.

☞ Richard Mason and Frank Mattingly, two guerrillas, who were captured near Hardinsburg, a few days ago, were sent up to this city yesterday.

☞ W. H. Ehrich, the popular newsdealer of Nashville, has our thanks for a full file of Nashville papers.

DESERTERS.—Four crawfish were sent here yesterday from Indianapolis, Indiana.

☞ See the advertisement of S. Barker [illegible]

The Uniform Police.

In the large cities of the East, the police wear uniform, and are known and recognized by citizens and strangers alike. They are known as officers of the law, and as such their authority is respected. Their presence is announced by their dress, and their authority is unquestioned. The adoption of the "uniform" system will doubtless add to the efficiency of this service. Great good we think would result from its adoption. Louisville has a population of over one hundred thousand, and there is great need of adding not only to the numbers of the police, but also to their efficiency. Some of the old policemen would, perhaps, object to this modern innovation, but we live in a progressive age and must keep up with the times. If the uniform system is an improvement upon the old plan, let us not fail to adopt it. Only yesterday we saw a gentleman in search of a policeman; he wanted one, and asked if there was any one in view. Said he knew "Bill Cross," but could not find him. If he had come up with one in his "regimentals," as they call it, he would have been recognized and the matter soon have been disposed of. As it was, we left him looking vigorously for some one to make an arrest, but we did not learn with what success he met.

We trust the old Council will pass the ordinance with the main features as proposed.

AN ORDINANCE

To authorize and establish a Police Department under the *uniform system*, for the city of Louisville, and prescribing the qualifications for term and tenure of office.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained by the General Council of the City of Louisville*, That a Police Department, under the uniform system, is hereby authorized and established, and shall consist of a superintendent of police, a clerk of police, two sergeants of police, twenty-four day, and forty-eight night watchmen, and four detectives—all, eighty men.

SEC. 2. In the month of March, 1865, the day and night watchmen, sergeants and detective, authorized in the preceding section, shall be elected by the General Council, on joint ballot, and shall hold office during good behavior; but may be dismissed for cause; and shall be subject to all the rules and regulations that may be adopted for the control and good government of the department.

SEC. 3. The superintendent and clerk of police shall be elected in the month of June, 1865, by the General Council, on joint ballot, and shall hold office during the pleasure of the Council.

SEC. 4. In the month of March, 1865, the Mayor shall recommend to the General Council ten suitable persons as supernumerary watchmen, who may be placed on duty only in the absence or disability of the regular watchmen, and while on duty shall be subject to all the rules and regulations governing the police department.

SEC 5 The members of the police department shall be uniformed similar to the Metropolitan police force of the city of New York, viz: Dress of the superintendent shall be a blue cloth dress coat, with police buttons; the dress of the sergeants shall be a double-breasted frock coat, with police buttons, and blue pantaloons. The day and night watchmen shall wear single-breasted blue cloth coats, with rolling collars, nine buttons on the breast and two buttons on the hips; blue waistcoat and blue pantaloons, on the outer seam of which shall be a white cord. Caps, shields, belts, emblems, devices and buttons shall be furnished at the cost of the city, but the cloth shall be obtained by the members of the force at their own expense, from the city authorities at the cost of importation, and shall be procured nowhere else.

SEC. 6. Vacancies in the department shall be filled as provided in sections 2, 3 and 4 of this ordinance.

SEC. 7. The pay of the members of this department shall be set and determined in the month of April, 1865, and annually thereafter; but shall be subject to deductions for absence, sickness, etc., which said deductions shall be applied to the payment of the supernumeraries who may be appointed to serve in the absence of any member of the department.

SEC 8 Qualifications—Persons to be eligible to any position in the department, shall—

1st. Be able to read and write in the English language.

2d Be a citizen of the United States.

3d. Be a resident of the city of Louisville for five years next preceding their election.

4th. Never having been convicted for crime.

5th. At least 5 feet 8 inches high.

6th. Good health and sound body.

7th. Of good moral character.

SEC. 9. In the month of April, 1865, there shall be elected, on joint ballot, by the Council, "one person from the Board of Aldermen and two persons from the Common Council (three members), to be styled '*the Police Board*,' before whom all charges or questions in reference to the members of the Police Department shall be presented, and whose decisions shall be final.

SEC 10. No person shall be dismissed from the police force except upon written charges preferred against him to the *Police Board*, and an opportunity afforded him to be heard in his *defense*; but any member of the police force may be *immediately dismissed*, in addition to any other punishment he may be subjected to by law," against whom any of the following charges shall be substantiated:

1st. Intoxication.

2d. Willful disobedience of orders.

3d. Violent, coarse or insolent language to a superior or any other person.

4th. Receiving money or any other valuable thing, contrary to the rules and regulations of the department or the statutes of the State.

5th. Inefficiency or gross neglect of duty.

SEC. 11. Each member of the police "shall devote his whole time and attention to the business of the department, and is expressly prohibited from following any other calling, or being employed in any other business," Although certain hours are allotted to the respective members for the performance of duty on ordinary occasions, yet at all times they must be prepared to act immediately on notice that their services are required. "Bonds and oath shall also be given, as required for city officers."

SEC. 12. This ordinance to take effect from and after its passage, but shall not affect the term and tenure of office of any member of the present Police Department, and all ordinances in conflict with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

THE FRESHET IN THE OHIO.—The river at this point continues to rise at the rate of one inch an hour, and is now within three and a half feet of the highest reached during the great freshet of 1853. Our dispatches from Pittsburg, Wheeling, and other points above Cincinnati, report the water falling quite fast. But as it is swelling rapidly at the latter place, and the Kentucky river is again swelling, we may look for the river to be swelling here for some two days to come, and the rise will no doubt exceed that of 1853. Much damage has been done by the high water on the low lands bordering the river.

AS USUAL.—The trains on the Ohio and Mississippi railroad failed, as usual, to make connection with the Jeffersonville train yesterday. It has become to be a common occurrence, and we think it ought to be remedied. We failed to get the Cincinnati papers, and we fail almost every day. It would be a good thing to put the exchanges on a flatboat at Cincinnati. We could then have some hopes for some regularity.

☞ An order was issued to Captain Jones, in this city, to forward all citizen prisoners whose homes are inside the rebel lines to Camp Chase, Ohio, to be forwarded from there for exchange. There not being any of this class confined here, consequently there was no one sent.

☞ In our police report we give in full the testimony in the case of the killing of Summerdike, on Lafayette street, last Saturday night. It will be seen that Frank St. John was committed to answer the charge of murder, and the other parties arrested were discharged.

DOWN.—A youth to fortune and fame unknown concealed enough whisky about his person yesterday as to make him fall on the corner of Center and Green streets. When we passed he murmured something about candidates.

☞ Yesterday the proceeds of the matinee given at Wood's theater for the benefit of the late Colonel Wallace's family, were handed over to the family. The net amount was six hundred and ninety-two dollars.

☞ The building now being fitted up on the corner of Second and Main streets is to be occupied as the Peoples' Bank, and for offices. When completed it will be a handsome building.

☞ The eastern and western circuits of the Fire Alarm Telegraph have been completed. The southern circuit, only, remains to be finished.

(For the Louisville Democrat.)

Messrs. Editors: In the spring of 1864 I obtained the permission of Miss Charlotte Thompson to use her picture and name upon a label for a brand of cigars I was manufacturing, as a trade mark. Having obtained this permission I employed Messrs. German & Bro (lithographers) to lithograph the labels. Their work was so unsatisfactorily done, that I was compelled to have the work done by others. The Messrs. German having thus obtained the name and picture of Miss Thompson, and notwithstanding they had no right thereto, lithographed the label and sold it to dealers and manufacturers, and moreover applied for and procured a copy-right therefor, and now continue to lithograph and sell the label, though it is a trade mark of my own, and though Miss Thompson has denied to them, by letter, her consent to their use of her name and picture. The following affidavit from Miss Thompson needs no explanation. It is published that the public may know Messrs. German & Bro. S. B. McGILL.

STATE OF OHIO, HAMILTON COUNTY, S. S.

Charlotte Thompson, being first duly sworn, states that heretofore, to wit, on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1864, she gave to Samuel B McGill, of the city of Louisville, State of Kentucky, importer and dealer in Havana cigars, Virginia and Kentucky tobacco, snuff, pipes and every variety of smoking tobacco, whose place of business is the third door below the postoffice, being No. 307 Green street, between Third and Fourth streets, in said city of Louisville, the exclusive right and privilege to use her name and picture or portrait on cigar and tobacco labels; and she further states that ever since the date above-mentioned said McGill has had, and now has, the exclusive privilege of using her name and picture or portrait, as aforesaid, in the said city of Louisville.

She further states that she is informed that Messrs. German & Brother, lithographers of the said city of Louisville, have been, and now are, using her name and picture or portrait on their labels, and selling the same to other parties; and she further states that said German & Brother, lithographers, have not at any time had, nor have they now, her license or permission to use her said name and picture or portrait, as aforesaid, or in any manner whatever; and that their use of the same has been, and is, without her consent and contrary to her wish. Further affiant saith not. CHARLOTTE THOMPSON.

Subscribed in my presence and sworn to before me, this 14th day of February, A. D. 1865. H. S. LYON, Notary Public, Hamilton county, Ohio.

[For the Louisville Democrat.]

Messrs. Editors: We have no disposition, nor do we intend, to enter into any newspaper controversy with Mr. S. B. McGill, as to the matters contained in his communication in the city papers of the 7th instant, whereby he seeks to make it appear that we have been unlawfully lithographing and selling labels, with a name of Charlotte Thompson, and a picture of a female thereon.

Our only motive in now noticing Mr. McGill's communication is to relieve ourselves of the trouble of making verbal statements of the matters to those of our friends who may wish to speak to us on the subject.

That we have not been acting unlawfully in lithographing or selling the labels, has been decided by the Chancellor of the Louisville Chancery Court, in a suit in said court, which Mr. McGill brought against us to enjoin us; but, on hearing the case, the Chancellor refused to grant the injunction, and dismissed McGill's petition, with costs.

Not satisfied with this, Mr. McGill afterwards applied for a similar injunction against us, before the Judge of the U. S. Circuit Court for the District of Kentucky; yet the Judge, on hearing the application, and after argument by McGill's counsel, refused to grant the injunction.

Mr. McGill has, as yet, declined further proceedings in any of the courts; and the judgment in both courts having been in our favor, he should have been silent; or, if wishing to give himself or his business notoriety by newspaper publications, he should, in advertising his communication, have had the fairness to have referred to the two decisions against him, or have refrained from publicly charging us with having done that which, as he says, we had no right to do.

mr8 d1 GERMAN & BRO.

Amusements.

WOOD'S THEATER.—Although the weather was very unpleasant, Miss Maggie Mitchell was greeted with another large and fashionable audience last night. To-night the great drama of "Fanitine, or a Mother's Love," will be presented, Miss Maggie appearing as Fantine. This piece is full of the most thrilling incidents, and gives a wide scope to Miss Maggie to display her ability. The house will no doubt be crowded.

LOUISVILLE THEATER.—Miss Leo Hudson commenced a most successful engagement last night, appearing as Mazeppa, in the play of that name. The piece will be repeated to night.

VARIETIES.—This popular place of amusement was filled again last night. The minstrels are a splendid troupe, and among them is a little chap that can do the largest dancing we have ever seen. Go and see them to-night.

A RICH BANQUET.—A short time since Messrs. Capt. Steven Jones, Wm. T Sanders, B. F. Biggs and J. B. Read were appointed by the Governor tobacco inspectors, and Messrs. W. R. Gist, H. W. Woodruff, G. W. Drane and S. B. Long were appointed weighers. These gentlemen had before filled the positions, with honor to themselves and credit to the State, and their reappointment was warmly received. Last night they gave a great banquet at the St. Charles, kept by C. Rusfer & Co, where everything went "merry as a marriage bell." The supper was one of the finest we have ever seen served, and we hope that the inspectors and weighers will have, during their term of office, as prosperous a career as their friends wish them. Capt. VanWinkle, Secretary of State, was invited to attend, but being unable to do so he sent a letter to the committee, the closing part of which was as follows:

While underneath Charley Rufer's "Woodroot" "Drane," in memory of me, two "Long," "Bigg" horns, and Capt. Jones, being un*pan*lishable, let him "Read" the "Gist" of the pun, and if not appreciated embalm it in Charley Rufer's best and inclose it in "precious *Sanders*" and send to me by express.

I am, gentlemen, your ob't servant,
E. L. VANWINKLE.

McGill Club.

Members of the McGill Club are earnestly requested to meet at Beck's Hall to-night, March 8th, at seven o'clock, as business of the utmost importance to all the members will be brought before the meeting.

S. B. McGILL, Treasurer.

REGISTERED.—The following rebel deserters registered their names yesterday, in compliance with General Palmer's order No. 4: Valentine Bonm, Marshall county, Kentucky; Thos. J. Brown, Breckinridge county, Kentuck, and Robert B. Willis, Jefferson county, Kentucky.

SPECIAL MEETING OF THE GENERAL COUNCIL.—In accordance with the request of the Finance Committee, a meeting of the General Council has been called for to-night. There will be business of importance before the Board, and we hope there will be a full attendance.

CUT DOWN.—An old tree that has experienced many a storm, on the corner of Third and Walnut streets, is being cut down. It is no doubt one of the oldest trees in the city. It was just getting ready to *leave* when they commenced chopping it down.

ANOTHER.—The One Hundred and Fifty-first Indiana, eight hundred and fifty strong, arrived here yesterday from Indianapolis. They were a fine looking set of boys.

☞ Two companies from Fort Snelling arrived here yesterday. There were two hundred and eighty men for artillery service.

RECRUITS.—One hundred and ten new recruits arrived here yesterday from Camp Butler, Illinois; fifty arrived from Rock Island.

☞ Twenty-nine prisoners of war were shipped from Nashville yesterday morning for this city. They will arrive to-day.

☞ All members of Compass Lodge No. 223, F. A. M., are requested to meet punctual at 7 o'clock this evening.

☞ James Athons, company M, Tenth Tennessee cavalry, was arrested in Jeffersonville yesterday as a deserter.

☞ Two companies of the Seventy-eighth Pennsylvania arrived here yesterday from Harrisburg.

☞ Electioneering for Street Inspector—

DIED,

Feb. 19th, of pneumonia, at the residence of his son-in-law, Joseph Thomas, near Providence, Ky., JOHN BARNETT, in the 74th year of his age.

On Tuesday the 7th inst., at 4½ o'clock A. M., EWELL COOPER, infant son of Pamelo A. and the late H. S. Fowler, aged four months.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday morning, the 8th inst., at 10½ o'clock, from Grayson street, between Sixth and Seventh. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

On the evening of the 5th inst., JOHNNY LEE, youngest child of James G. and Letitia F. White, in the 17th year of his age.

Frankfort and New Albany papers please copy.

Funeral services by Rev. G. C. Lorimer, to-day, 8th, at 12 M. The friends of the family are requested to attend, at the residence of his father, on Washington street, three doors below Hancock.

Departed this life, after a painful illness, EDGAR CLARKSON, youngest son of J. M. and Harriet Clarkson, aged 3 year, 2 months and 10 days.

He bore his sickness with great patience. When he was told he could not recover he called on God to come to him, and said he was willing to go. In a few moments his sweet angel spirit was borne to realms on high, where sits Immortal rulers.

Dearest brother, thou hast left us,
Here thy loss we deeply feel:
But 'tis God that hath bereft us—
He can all our sorrows heal. I.

The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral at 10 o'clock, the 8th inst., at his father's residence, on Seventh street, fourth door from Walnut.

NEW ADVERTISE'TS.

AT
PRATHER & SMITH'S
429 Main Street,
Ladies' Fine Mink, Sable, Fitch and Stone Marten Capes, Collars, Victorines and Muffs and Cuffs.
—ALSO—
Gents' Fur Collars and Gloves and Buffalo and Janette Robes,
Together with a large stock of
Men's and Boys' Felt Hats & Caps.
A large stock in store and for sale cheap for cash.
PRATHER & SMITH,
fe8d&3 429 MAIN STREET.

Second National Bank
OF LOUISVILLE.
DIRECTORS.
JAMES BRIDGEFORD, V. R. BARTLETT,
JAMES PARKHILL, S. S. BUSH,
MOSES BROWN, C. G. DAVISON,
WM. F. HUGHES.
THIS BANK IS LOCATED FOR THE PRESENT AT the old stand of Tucker & Co., on the east side of Fourth street, between Main and the river, and will transact a general Banking, Exchange, and Collecting business.
Prompt attention given to collections.
J. S. BRIDGEFORD, President
GEO. S. ALLISON, Cashier. mr2 d30

PLANTERS' NATIONAL BANK,
OF LOUISVILLE.
J. M. DUNCAN,
J. F. SPEED,
WM. HUGHES,
V. R. ARMSTRONG, } DIRECTORS.
LOUIS RUHM,
THIS BANK WILL OPEN THIS MORNING IN THE People's Book building (Hamilton Block), Sixth street, near Main, for the purpose of transacting a general Banking, Exchange and Collecting business.
Particular and prompt attention will be given to collections.
J. M. DUNCAN, President.
March 1, 1865.—d3m J. W. BATCHELOR, Cashier.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.
THE PLANTERS' NATIONAL BANK HAVING been appointed agent to receive subscriptions to this, the only LOAN now offered by the Government, is prepared to receive subscriptions from parties wishing to invest, and recommend it to ALL PERSONS desiring a permanent and safe investment.
The notes are payable on the 15th of August, 1867, and bear interest at the rate of 7 3 10 per cent. per annum, convertible at maturity, at the option of the holder, in the popular 5-20 6 per cent. gold bonds, and are exempt from State and municipal taxation.
mr1 dtf J. M. DUNCAN, President.

Louisville City National Bank,
FEBRUARY 23, 1865.
THE ABOVE BANK WILL OPEN FOR THE TRANSaction of business on the 1st day of March, 1865
An additional call on the capital stock has been made by the Board of Directors, 25 per cent. payable on the 1st of April, and the remaining 25 per cent. on the 1st of May. [fe23 d30] RICHARD S. MONLEY Cashier.

PLANTERS' NATIONAL BANK, OF LOUISVILLE,
February 28th, 1865.
A CALL OF TEN (10) PER CENT. ON THE CAPITAL Stock of this Bank is ordered, payable at their Banking House, on the 10th of March.
m1 d10 J. W. BATCHELOR, Cashier.

Planters' National Bank,
OF LOUISVILLE.
TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Feb. 9, 1865.
WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE PREsented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "THE PLANTERS' NATIONAL BANK OF LOUISVILLE," in the City of Louisville, in the County of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled, "An Act to provide a National currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act:
Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "Planters' National Bank of Louisville," in the City of Louisville, in the County of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.
In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office, this ninth day of February, 1865.
L.S. HUGH McCULLOCH,
fe16 d3m Comptroller of the Currency.

Eureka
—THE—
INFALLIBLE HAIR RESTORATIVE.
THIS IS NO HAIR DYE.
Reasons why the Eureka Should be Used.
IT WILL CLEANSE THE SCALP, AND THEREBY promote the growth of the hair.
If the hair is dry, dull and lifeless, it will give it a softness and lively and youthful appearance.
If the hair is becoming thin, weak and falling off, it will restore its strength and beauty.
If the hair is gray, or becoming so, it will restore it to its original color, without staining scalp or hands.
It is free from all impurities or poisonous drugs.
It is no hair dye, but an infallible restorative, and can do all that is promised, when used by the directions.
Manufactured and sold wholesale and retail by
ROBERT FISHER,
Sole Agent, No. 25 North Fifth street,
Between Pine and Chestnut streets,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE.
☞ For sale by all druggists.
RAYMOND & CO., General Agents,
mr8 deod3m 74 Fourth street, Louisville, Ky.

PIANOS.

Great Bargains.
FIRST-CLASS PIANOS IN STORE, WHICH I WILL sell at
$50 to $100 Less than Eastern Prices
For the same style and quality. Call soon.
WM. McCARRELL,
mr8 2ipd6 310 Jefferson street.

Books Just Received.
FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD YEARS OF THE War, by Pollard, per volume.....$2 50
Official Reports..... 5 00
Life of Stonewall Jackson..... 1 50
Morgan and his Men..... 1 00
Women of the South, plain cloth..... 3 00
Women of the South, Morocco cloth..... 4 00
Annals of the Army of the Cumberland..... 3 50
Any of the above books will be sent by mail, free, on receipt of retail price. A liberal discount to dealers.
Address W. A. H. REDFORD,
mr8 d6* Louisville, Ky.

To Physicians--Rare Opportunity
FOR SALE THE LATE RESIDENCE OF DR. P. R. Houston, with 125 acres of Land attached, and situated one half mile from Clifton Mills P. O., Breckinridge county, is offered for sale. The location is perhaps unequalled by any in the country as a stand for a practising physician. The deceased had a large and paying practice. The improvements are good and convenient. Possession can be had immediately. Address or apply personally to
J. H. BASSETT, Adm'r,
mr8 d6&w1* Stephensport, Ky.

HOLYOKE & ROGERS,
Tobacco Factors
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No 162 Water st., New York.
ADVANCES WILL BE MADE ON SHIPMENTS TO above address by N. F. MILTON & CO.,
Hamilton's Bank Buildings, cor. Sixth and
mr8 d6m Main streets, Louisville, Ky.

Masonic Notice.
KING SOLOMON ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER No. 43 will convene this (Wednesday) evening, March 8th, at 7 o'clock.
By order of the H. P.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ANOTHER VICTORY
HAS BEEN ACHIEVED BY
GREEN & GREEN
In the selection of their new stock of
GENTS'
FURNISHING GOODS.
It includes the very
LATEST IMPORTATIONS.
Shirts and Underwear
MADE TO ORDER.
mr8 d&w

What the Illustrious Abernethy Said.

"Well, sir, what's the matter?" said Abernethy, the great English Surgeon, to a cadaverous looking patient, who had called to consult him. "Oh, nothing serious," was the reply, "my stomach and liver are out of order, that's all." "Do you call *that* nothing serious?" said Abernethy; "I tell you, sir, that when these two organs are out of order, as you call it, there is not a square inch of the body that is in a healthful condition." Nothing can be more true, and therefore it is of the very highest importance to keep the stomach and liver in a vigorous condition. If one is weak and the other irregular in its action, tone and control them with HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS—the most genial vegetable restorative and alterative that has ever been administered as a cure for Dyspepsia and Liver Disease. It is recommended by distinguished surgeons and physicians of the United States Army, by officers of the Army and Navy, by our first authors, by eminent clergymen, in fact, by thousands of the most intelligent of every class, as an unequaled protective against epidemic and malarious diseases, and as a perfectly innocuous, but at the same time powerful, invigorant and alterative.

fe27 d2w

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SEMINAL URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—new and reliable treatment—In Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON Howard Association, No 3 south Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. fe4 d&w1 Ap29

APRIL ELECTION.
FOR MAYOR.
THOMAS SHANKS is a candidate for Mayor, at the ensuing April election. mr3 dte
PHILIP TOMPERT, is a candidate for Mayor, at the ensuing April election. mr3 dte
JOSEPH CLEMENT (Magistrate) is a candidate for Mayor, at the ensuing April election. He voted for and is a supporter of the administration of President Lincoln. fe2 dte*
WM. R. HYDES, late City Marshal, is a candidate for the office of Mayor, at the city election in April. fe1 dte*
WM. KAYE, the present incumbent, is a candidate for Mayor at the ensuing April election. fe9 dte*
FOR CITY ATTORNEY.
W. O. BRASON is a candidate for re-election to the office of City Attorney at the ensuing April election. mr1 dte
FOR CITY TREASURER.
HENRY WOLFORD is a candidate for re-election to the office of City Treasurer, at the ensuing April election. mr7 dte
FOR CITY ASSESSOR.
We are authorized to announce A. W. R. HARRIS, the present incumbent, as a candidate for re-election to the office of City Assessor at the ensuing April election. fe15 dte
We are authorized to announce DICK WATTS

AMUSEMENTS.

Louisville Theater,

Corner of Fourth and Green streets.

CARNY & CALVERT.....Proprietors and Managers.
T. J. CARNY.....Treasurer
J. A. SARGEANT.....Stage Manager

☞ REDUCTION OF PRICES.—Private Boxes $8 and $5; Orchestra Seats $1; Dress Circle and Parquette 75 cents; Reserved seats in Dress Circle $1; Family Circle 50 cents Colored Boxes 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.

☞ Second night of the great equestrienne and melo-dramatic actress, Miss LEO HUDSON, who will appear in her great part of Mazeppa, introducing her wonderful Horse, SENSATION.

ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 8 WILL BE acted the thrilling equestrian drama of MAZEPPA; or, THE WILD HORSE OF TARTARY.

Mazeppa.....Miss Leo Hudson.
Wild Horse.....Sensation.

☞ To conclude with the farce of the RENDEZVOUS.

☞ Grand Matinee this afternoon, March 8th, for the benefit of Miss MAGGIE LAURIE. Miss Leo Hudson will appear as Dick Turpin. Several ladies and gentlemen of Wood's Theater, also the members of the Louisville Theater, have volunteered and will appear. Admission 50 cents.

Wood's Theater,

Corner Fourth and Jefferson streets.

DUFFIELD & PETERS.....Managers
C. T. DUFFIELD.....Other Manager
J. W. ADKINSON.....Stage Manager
J. E. SANFORD.....Musical Director

☞ Last night but two of the re-enagement of Miss MAGGIE MITCHELL.

ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 8, WILL BE performed the great drama of FANTINE; or, A MOTHER'S LOVE.

Fantine (a grisette).....Miss Maggie Mitchell.

☞ In consequence of the length of this play, no other piece will be performed.

☞ Friday, benefit and last appearance of Miss MAGGIE MITCHELL.

☞ Grand Matinee Saturday afternoon at 2½ o'clock. Tickets 25 cents.

☞ Performance Afternoon—Private Boxes $5. Dress Circle and Parquette Tier $50. Seats in the Dress Circle may be secured without extra charge.

☞ Doors open at quarter to 7 o'clock; curtain will rise at half-past 7 o'clock.

SCHOOL FAIR

AT THE

MASONIC TEMPLE,

FOR ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MARCH 9TH, TO be given by the committees of the

German Ladies' Aid Society and St. Lucas Society.

The proceeds of the fair will be devoted to the erection of a new school-house.

Admittance 25c; Season tickets $1. mr5 sl&35

LOUISVILLE VARIETIES,

Fifth street, bet. Jefferson and Market

RYAN & SWEENY.....Proprietors.
J. L. DAVIS.....Acting and Stage Manager.

OPEN EVERY NIGHT,

With

SINGING, DANCING,
ETHIOPIAN COMICALITIES,
GEMS FROM THE OPERA,
&c, &c, &c.

☞ Grand Matinee on Saturday afternoon at 2½ o'clock. Admission 25 cents.

☞ Admission 50 cents: Private Boxes $5. Doors open at 7 o'clock; Performance to commence at 8 o'clock precisely. mr5

AUCTION SALES.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

ELEGANT FURNITURE, HORSES, MULES, MILCH COWS, CARRIAGE, BUGGY AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 10TH AT TEN o'clock, will be sold, at the residence of Mr. L. L. Hyatt, on the branch Shelbyville turnpike, three miles from the city, and near the Fair Grounds, his entire Household Furniture, Crop, Stock and Farming Implements, consisting in part of elegant Velvet Tapestry, Brussels and Three Ply Carpets, Mahogany Italian and Misses' Bedsteads, marble top Bureaus and Inclosed Washstands, Wardrobes, Sideboard, Side, Center and Extension Tables, Leather Seat Spring, Hair and Cot-ton Mattresses, Rosewood Parlor Sets, Brocatelle and Lace Curtains, China and Glass Ware, Mirrors, Kitchen Furniture, and a full assortment of housekeeping articles, all of the very finest quality and latest styles, and equal to new. Also his entire stock of Horses, Mules, Carriage, Buggy, Harness, Farming Implements and superior Milch Cows.

☞ Special attention is called to this sale. The Furniture and stock is decidedly fine, and superior to any heretofore offered at auction, and will be peremptor ly sold, as Mr. Hyatt is removing East, has leased his place and has to give immediate possession.

Terms cash. C. C. SPENCER.
mr8 Auctioneer.

BY J. D. WRIGHT.

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE, CARPETS, MATTRESSES, LOOKING-GLASSES, &c.

AT AUCTION.

THIS (WEDNESDAY) MORNING, MARCH 8TH AT 10 o'clock, will be sold, at auction-rooms, on Market street, south side, between Fifth and Sixth, a splendid assortment of Household Furniture, consisting of bedsteads, bureaus, wardrobes, washstands, chairs, tables, springs, shuck and cotton mattresses, feather beds, carpets, comforts, blankets, sheets, china and glass ware and kitchen furniture, with other articles generally found in a hotel, all of which are of the newest and latest styles. Terms cash. C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.
mr4

Auction.

WE HAVE IN CONNECTION WITH our Stable, sales of Stock at auction every Wednesday and Saturday of each week. Persons wishing good Stock at cheap rates would do well to attend the sales.

E. D. HITCHENS, Auctioneer.
W. B. Leonard & Co's.
feb5 dtf Market, bet. First and Seventh.

NOTICE.

THOMAS SHANKS

OFFERS HIS SERVICES AS AUCTIONEER IN either city or county, and will attend to all calls. Orders left at the office of J. M. Stephens, Esq., promptly attended to. Charges moderate ja17 d6m

FRANKLIN HOTEL,

On Broadway, one door above Ninth st., near the Nashville Depot.

A. LEGROS & F. DIETZ, PROPRIETORS.

HAVING TAKEN THE ABOVE NAMED HOTEL, and furnished it in superior style, the proprietors are now prepared to give superior accommodations to regular boarders and the traveling public. The locality of the Franklin Hotel makes it exceedingly convenient for passengers who wish to take the trains on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. Meals will be furnished in time for the early trains and every facility offered for the comfort and pleasure of guests. mr4 d6

FOUNTAIN HOTEL,

Northeast Corner of Jefferson and Floyd streets.

I HAVE TAKEN THE ABOVE HOTEL, FOR merly known as the Gregory House, and have refitted it in the best style, and am prepared to accommodate the public in the most satisfactory manner. This house is located in a most convenient position for persons from the country, being opposite the Louisville and Frankfort depot, and I respectfully ask a share of their patronage.

mr1 d12* J. N. HARRELL.

O. F. YOUNG, Of Wilson & Young, N. O. W. B. WILSON, Of Louisville.

YOUNG & WILSON,

Commission Merchants,

NO. 180 PEARL STREET,

ja24 d6m NEW YORK

PUBLIC SALES.

Marshal's Sale.

John Connelly, by &c.,
against
J. H. Kellar, &c. } In Chancery, No. 18,109.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on

MONDAY, MARCH 13, 1865,

About the hour of 4 o'clock P. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the premises, the property in pleadings mentioned, viz:

THE HOUSE AND LOT

Beginning on the north side of Madison st. set. 161 2-12ths feet east of the northeast corner of Madison and Hancock streets, thence eastwardly 20 feet, and extending back northwardly the same width 154 feet.

Terms—One-third cash, and the remainder on a credit of 6 and 12 months.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.

THOMAS A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C.
mr8 dtd N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

City Tax Collector's Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED, AS CITY TAX COLLECTOR, Eastern District, will sell to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on Thursday, March 9th, 1865, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M., the following described property, to satisfy the City, School, Gas, Water and Loan Taxes on the same for the year 1864, together with the expense of advertising, selling, &c:

Crow Matilda, 23½x87, w Bullitt.....$21 94
Miller C W, 30x120 n Jeff. Cam and Wenz add lmp 18 80
Sale Wm's, est. 17½x218, n Jeff. Brand Floyd 17 75
mr4 d5 A. RAMMERS, C. T. C. E. D.

PUBLIC SALE.

ON THURSDAY, MARCH 9TH, I WILL OFFER for sale, at my residence, on the Cane Run road, 6 miles south of Louisville, the following property: Three fine Brood Mares, four Cows and Calves, a lot of Hogs, two Sherrie Wagons, one Spring Wagon and Harness, three stacks of Oats, Corn, Hay, a lot of Seed Potatoes, and all my Farming Implements. Also, 80 cords Wood. Terms made known on day of sale.

mr7 d2* GEORGE SANDERS.

Horses, Cattle, Hogs, &c., at Public Sale.

WILL BE SOLD, ON WEDnesday, 15th day of March, 1865, at my farm at Hobbs' Station, on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad, 15 to 20 Horses and Colts (mostly Morgan stock), 20 to 30 head Cattle (milch cows, Durham heifers, &c.) 40 to 50 Hogs (some of them fine Chester county sows). Also, Sheep, Bacon, Horse Carts, Ox Cart, open Buggy, Rockaway, Farming Utensils, Gears, &c., &c.

Terms—Sums under $50, cash; over $50, six months, notes with approved security.

mr4 dis EDWARD D. HOBBS.

STEAMBOATS.

REGULAR LOUISVILLE AND NEW ORLEANS PASSENGER PACKET.

For Cairo, Memphis, Helena, Vicksburg and New Orleans.

The fine new and magnificent steamer FASHION,

DYAS POWER, Master. WM. H. CROPPER, Clerk.

Leaves Monday, 13th inst., at 4 P. M., positively, from city wharf.

The FASHION was built regardless of cost, expressly for the Louisville and New Orleans trade; is a first-class steamer in every respect, has superior accommodations, with every convenience for the safety and comfort of passengers, and her tables will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

CROPPER, PATTON & CO., } Agents.
MOOREHEAD & CO., }

For Evansville and Henderson.

Leaves This Day, 8th inst., at 5 P. M., positively, from city wharf.

The fine sidewheel steamer
STAR GRAY EAGLE, Bunce, master.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
mr5 MOOREHEAD & CO., Agents, No. 116 Wall st.

For Clarksville and Nashville.

Leaves This Day, 8th inst., at 12 M., positively, from the city wharf.

The splendid new steamer
BELLAH, Walker, master.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
mr5 B. J. CAFFREY, Agent, 157 Wall st.

Regular Passenger Packet for Paducah, Cairo and Memphis.

Leaves This Day, 8th inst., at 10 A. M., positively, from the city wharf.

The fine steamer
SILVER MOON, Miller, master.
For freight, &c., apply on board, or to
CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agents,
mr8 143 and 145 Fourth street.

Shippers and passengers may rely upon her leaving, and all information concerning shipments and passage given on application at our office. C. P. & CO.

Regular Louisville and New Orleans Packet.

For New Orleans.

Leaves Monday, 13th inst., at 4 P. M.,

The fine steamer
FASHION, Powers, master.
For freight, &c., apply on board, or to
MOOREHEAD & CO., or
CROPPER, PATTON & CO.,
mr6 Agents, Wall street

Steam Propeller for Sale.

I HAVE FOR SALE A STEAM PROPELLER. Any one wishing to purchase will, for particulars, apply to

PINK VARBLE,
fe25 dtf Corner Fourth and Water.

CHANGE OF TIME.

CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE U. S. Mail Line Steamers.

On and after Sunday, July 31st, the U. S. Mail Steamers JOHN DUDLE and MAJOR ANDERSON will leave daily at 12 M.

The U. S. Mail steamers EMMA BOYD and NORMAN will leave daily at 3 P. M.

☞ For freight or passage apply to
JOSEPH DANIELS, Agent.
OFFICE—Mail Line wharfboat, foot of Third street.

1864. LOUISVILLE AND HENDERSON 1864.

U. S. MAIL BOATS,

For Evansville, Owensboro, Rockport and Henderson

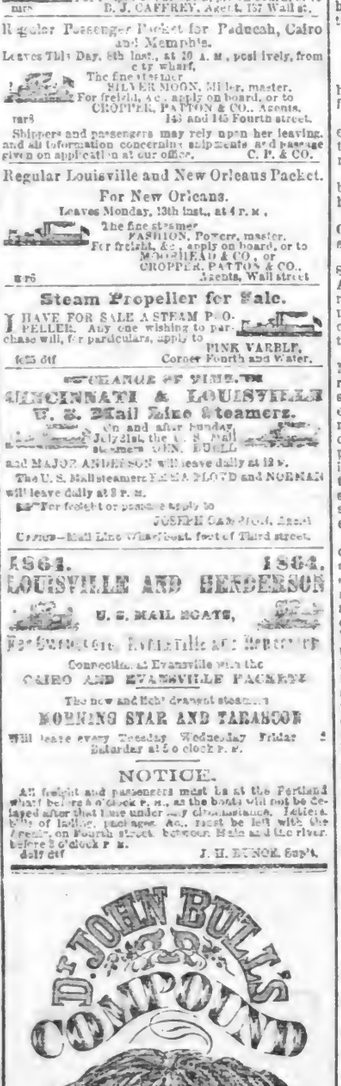
Connecting at Evansville with the
CAIRO AND EVANSVILLE PACKETS

The new and light draught steamers
MORNING STAR AND TARASCON
Will leave every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday & Saturday at 5 o'clock P. M.

NOTICE.

All freight and passengers must be at the Portland wharf before 4 o'clock P. M., as the boats will not be delayed after that time under any circumstance. Jobbing bills of lading, passages &c., can be had with the Agents, on Fourth street, between Main and the river, before 3 o'clock P. M.

de17 dtf J. H. BUNCH, Sup't.



IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO PUBLISH A LONG LIST of diseases for which the CEDRON BITTERS are a remedy. In all diseases of the Stomach, BOWELS, LIVER or KIDNEYS; in all affections of the Brain, pending upon derangement of the Stomach or Bowels; in GOUT, RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA, and in FEVER and AGUE, it is destined to supersede all other remedies. It not only cures the se-ases, but it prevents them. A wine-glass full of the BITTERS, taken an hour before each meal, will obviate the ill effects of the most unhealthy climate, and secure the taker against diseases under most trying exposure.

PREPARED BY

DR. JOHN BULL,

At his Laboratory, on Fifth Cross Street

de22 d6m LOUISVILLE, KY.

1865. 1865.

WHOLESALE MILLINERY GOODS

—AND—

MANTILLA MANUFACTORY.

WE BEG LEAVE TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF our customers and the trade generally to the inducements we are preparing to offer them during the coming season. We are already selecting in the East the choicest styles of

MILLINERY GOODS

In all its branches, and we will be fully prepared in due season to fill any Milliner's Catalogue. We will also be able to show them a general assortment of the latest pattern BONNETS and HATS, and to supply them with any quantity at the lowest possible rates.

We have also made complete arrangements for the manufacture of MANTILLAS, on the upper floor of our establishment. We expect to keep two hundred and fifty sewing women employed during the season. We have seventy-five extra finishers, besides a Cutter and Manager, on their way from New York.

The encouragement we have invariably received from our customers and the friendship shown us by the merchants of Louisville has added much to our success, and they can rest satisfied that our present efforts will be well worthy the continuation of their favors.

fe28 dtf OTIS & CO.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Proceedings of the U. S. Congress

The President's Life Threatened on Day of Inauguration.

Our Forces in Possession of Georgetown, S. C.

Official Report of Adm'l Dahlgren.

Collision on the Camden & Amboy Railroad,

About Thirty Persons Killed.

H. McCullough Confirmed as Secretary of Treasury.

Particulars of the Capture of Columbia, S. C.

XXXVIIIth Congress—Second Session.

WASHINGTON, March 7.

SENATE.

Mr Lane, of Kansas, asked leave to present the credentials of Messrs. Wishhack and Baxter as Senators from Arkansas.

Mr. Howard objected to this reception, considering it an insult to the people of the loyal States. He could conceive no greater absurdity than to force upon the Senate such representa

Mr. Lane thought that this was a most singular announcement, that it was an insult to offer these credentials. He said they emanated from a people as loyal as the Senator himself, and they have the right of petition.

Mr. Conness said Lane was laboring hard in trying to admit Brooks back, who was one of the leaders in taking Arkansas out of the Union.

Mr. Lane was indignant that Mr. Conness should attempt to lecture him and hurled back the imputations of the gentleman into his teeth. Those who were opposed to the admission of the Arkansas senators used the same kind of language that Butler, Mason, Hunter and other secessionists did when Kansas was here under the Topeka Constitution, which saved Kansas to freedom.

Mr. Pomeroy thought the credentials ought to be referred so that all the facts could be inquired into.

Further debate was arrested by a motion of Mr. Fessenden to go into executive session, which was agreed to. After a short time spent the Senate adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

During the debate on the admission of the Senators from Arkansas, a hostile State, and waging actual war against the Government, Mr Howard said he considered it an insult to the loyal States and people to have such Senators admitted. He said the question to be decided was, whether a people disloyal to the Government have the right to be represented, and that any foreign power might as well ask to be represented while at war with the United States. The proper time for deciding the question was upon the presentation of their credentials.

Mr. Lane replied, favoring their admission.

Mr. Pomeroy believed the present state of the government of Arkansas was no more in rebellion than that of the State of Michigan. He believed the credentials should be referred.

Mr. Howard conceded that the present government was loyal, but contended that the mass of the people was not. He thought the proper time for examining credentials was when the Executive declared the state of war had ceased in Arkansas and excluded it from the list of insurgent States.

The Senate then adjourned.

NEW YORK, March 7.

The Savannah, from Hilton Head on the 4th, has arrived, bringing important dispatches from General Gillmore to the War Department.

The Charleston Courier of the 21 says an officer of Sherman's army was in Charleston, taking preparatory steps towards raising a regiment of white troops.

A number of families who had removed and burned the city, had returned with their household goods.

The Savannah Republican of the 21 contains Governor Brown's message, of which an abstract has been published.

The Republican contains a rebel account of Sherman's occupation of Columbia from the Augusta Constitutionalist of February 27, derived from the citizens of Columbia. It appears the rebel troops in large numbers left on the 17th in the direction of the upper section of the State.

Beauregard left the same day for Charlotte. Mayor Goodwin went the same day and surrendered the city to Sherman. The public stores were thrown open and everybody helped themselves. No stores were burnt. Sherman's army entered Columbia. They soon commenced destroying public property, depots and arsenals were blown up. Buildings in the suburbs containing public stores were fired late in P. M. A pile of cotton in the street near the Congaree House took fire from a spark, and the flames spread to some wooden buildings.

The scene became terrific; loud explosions continually filled the air. The residences and ground were shaken as if by an earthquake, and vast columns of smoke and flame rose to the heavens. Nothing of account was saved. Goods were moved to supposed places of security were burned as the fire spread. The distance burned on Main street about a mile and a half. Dr. Reynolds' house, on Main street, is the only one left standing between the sections known as the Cottontown and State House. The fire extended five to ten blocks east of Main street, destroying everything in the business part of the city in ruins. Both hotels, the Guardian and Carolinian newspaper offices and a number of churches, the Catholic seminary, and several other public buildings, all the depots, the buildings at the Charlotte Junction, Evans & Cailwell's printing establishment, are burned. All cars, engines and railroad which the rebels did not remove, are destroyed. There are only three churches left standing.

The female college was uninjured, and is now occupied by housekeepers women and children. The old State house was blown up, but the new State house was not touched. It contained a statue of Washington. Hampton's house was saved by Federal officers. General Preston's was also saved and given to the occupants of the Catholic Seminary, whose property was accidentally destroyed.

The railroads at Columbia are all torn up, and all the bridges leading to the place are destroyed. All the foundaries and machine shops were destroyed. The country around the place is stripped of all estables.

The Treasury Department and Banks were removed to Charlotte. Both newspapers removed a portion of their stock to the same place.

Many negroes left with the Yankees. None were taken by force. Large numbers are returning to their masters.

Sherman thought he would visit the country west of Broad river, and advised the Mayor to send citizens there.

The Federals seemed much incensed against Magrath, and should use him harshly if they got him in their power.

Very few, if any, private residences were entered. No outrages are known to have committed on women.

The enemy were under strict discipline during their march through the city.

Sherman's headquarters were in the city, at the residence of Mr. Duncan, who estimated his infantry and artillery to number 70,000. No cavalry were with him.

Their rear guard passed through on Tuesday evening. The troops were in the best condition, well clothed, well shod, and marched as if they had just started on an expedition instead of being out for months. Fort Mott, St. Matthew's and Union courthouses have been destroyed.

Some of Serman's officers said his destination was Raleigh and Saulsbury. The General himself appeared in good spirits and confident of success. One corps took the road to Camden and Florence, another to Winnsboro, and Sherman with two corps moved on the direct road to Charlotte.

WASHINGTON, March 7.

The Navy Department has received an official report from Admiral Dahlgren on our possession of Georgtown, S C The report is dated Georgetown, S. C., Feb. 28, on board the flag ship Harvest Moon, in which he says, under date of the 26th: I appraised the Navy Department that the naval forces under my command had taken possession of Georgetown. As soon as the occupation of Charleston left my thoughts and means at liberty I gave my attention to this point as likely to be the preferable communication for Gen. Sherman in case such became desirable before entering North Carolina. Accordingly I began to collect a suitable force force from this station and the McDonough, Geraninm and two launches were ordered into Santee river, being the only ones of that class of vessels which can pass the bar of the river.

On the 22d the Pawnee was ordered to Georgetown. All the Marines we could collect were embodied in a battallion. The object was to pass up the Estee with this body of men and take the road to Georgetown, that traverses the rear of the rebel works, and assault it while the vessels attacked in front. The infantry was to be under command of Commander Stanley, assisted by Lieut. Col. Williams.

On the 23d of February the Sawnee crossed the bar and joined the Mingo and Leipsic within upon which the rebels left the battery. The marines were landed, and the municipal authorities tendered their submission to the United States. The battery mounted fifteen guns.

Admiral Dahlgren call the attention of the Department to Lieut. Stoddard, of the marines, who acquitted himself with credit, and now has command of the largest body of marines that has been collected together for some time. He did good service in the field with the marines of the fleet brigade at Birds Neck.

Commodore Stillwagen, of the Pawnee, in his report, says he has sent a detachment of marines, under Lieut. Breese, United States Marine corps, to occupy the fort. He also says: I have directed Commodore Creighton to proceed carefully up Black river, and have dispatched the tug Catalpa with Lieut. Com. Henry and Ensign Glass prepared to open communication by the army code of signals with Gen. Sherman, who is said to be some twelve miles off. Admiral Dahlgren has issued an order for the maintainence of the authority of the United States in Georgetown. The first section says: In conformity to the laws of the United States slavery no longer exists within the lines of the Union forces. Slaves residing there become freemen, and will enjoy the fruits of their own labor.

The department has received information of the capture of blockade runners Deer Prize, Monadnock and others in Charleston harbor on the 18th ultimo.

WASHINGTON, March 7.

About 1,200 troops embarked from this port for Hilton Head.

Daily large numbers of furloughed soldiers are returning to the Army of the Potomac.

By passengers arrived here we have the following additional particulars of the accident on the Camden & Amboy railroad:

It occurred at Bristol, N. J., about thirty miles from Philadelphia, at 2 A. M. Adams' express freight cars from Washington were off the track near the station. The midnight train from Philadelphia, when it came up, was detained in consequence on the same track in their rear. No signal light was seen by the engineer of 6 P. M train from Washington indicating the detention, and it proceeded regularly. There was a curve in the road and the train ran into the rear of the 12 P. M. train from Philadelphia.

The engine of the 6 P M train from Washington was completely crossed in the rear car of the Philadelphia train, which was filled principally with soldiers. As the collision occurred the end of the passenger car was elevated, and the engine was precipitated in the forward end of the car, and the passengers were precipitated to this end, and were buried amidst the ruins, and were only extracted by cutting the cars to pieces. One passenger was taken out dead, and two other so injured that they died in a few moments after being taken out. One firemen of the 6 P. M Washington train was killed. The engineer and another fireman escaped. The persons killed were all reported as soldiers. Some thirty others were injured, some seriously, and one was badly scalded. The wounded were taken to a house near by, and all attention was shown them. Two other cars were demolished, one being broken into splinters. The engine of the 6 P. M. train was badly injured. The force of the collision threw three cars backward some two hundred feet, tearing out the hampers and leaving some among them. The postoffice car on Bristol bridge, the mails were detained seven hours.

The soldiers were mostly returned prisoners, and left Washington at 4 P. M. No passengers injured.

FORTRESS MONROE, March 4.

The steam Cambria arrived here this morning from Wilmington, North Carolina, on the 23d, with about four thousand of our released prisoners, taken by our forces at the capture of Wilmington. It appears by advices brought by the Cambria, there is no truth in the reported arrival of a portion of Gen. Sherman's force at Wilmington, or even that a junction had been effected South with Gen. Scofield's army. Gen. Schofield, with a part of his army, had advanced about ten miles out from Wilmington, and met frequent resistance from prowling bands of guerrillas and small detachments of the enemy, who appeared to be ever on the alert to pick up stragglers belonging to his command. The rebels were were also actively endeavoring to cut off the supplies, which were left at Wilmington under a strong guard, for the use his troops. Nothing of the movements of Gen. Sherman was known in Wilmington, though it was known that Gen. Terry would soon resume active movements in aid of the campaign in North Carolina.

NEW YORK, March 7.

The steamship Costa Rica, from Aspinwall, February 26th, bringing the North Star's passengers and one million and a quarter in treasure, from Californair, arrived here this morning.

The steamship Constitution, from San Francisco, arrived at Panama February 20th.

The news from Chili is unimportant. The harvest has been plenty, and very large exports of wheat and flour will be shipped to all parts of the world.

The asylum extended to Barracas by Costa Rica is still denounced by the Central American pre-s, and Guatemala and Nicaragua have issued decrees of non intercourse with Costa Rica on account of the latter's action.

Mr. Dumar has entered on his first term as constitutional President of Salvador.

Honduras is again a prey to revolutionary attempts to make Vice President Xatruch President. Martial law is proclaimed.

The coffee crop of Costa Rica is good averaged that of Salvador promises to be in advance of former years. The cotton crop is abandoned

Gen. Sickles left Panama for Bogota on the 24th.

NEW YORK, March 7.

The gold market exhibits a steadiness, but there is a very weak feeling concealed as much as possible by large holders. The rates have fluctuated during the day between 197¾ and 199.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7.

The Bulletin of this city has the following dispatch dated Washington, 7:

A man named Clemente has been turned over to the civil authorities by the military, against whom the evidence is positive that he had all his plans arranged for assaulting President Lincoln on inauguration day. He is in jail here.

NEW YORK, March 7.

The Post says our consul at Halifax has been informed that one of the iron rams constructed in France, and said to have passed into rebel hands, is now at one of the West India Islands preparing for a cruise. The old rumor that these vessels are coming to this port is repeated.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7.

Subscriptions receivee to the 7 30s $,165,250, including 300,000 from Cincinnati, 250,000 from New York, and 3,215 individual subscriptions, of 50 and 100 each.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7.

No trains leave for the South to-day in consequence of the drift ice in the Susquehanna.

WASHINGTON, March 7.

The Senate confirmed the nomination of Hugh McCullough as Secretary of the Treasury.

FORTRESS MONROE, March 7.

Rear Admiral Porter arrived here yesterday and proceeded to Washington.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7.

W. H. Paul, Treasurer of the Walnut street Theater, died this morning.

NEW YORK, March 7.

Gold to-night 197¾.

Notice to Hon. J. F. Bullitt, Chief Justice of Kentucky.

Geo. T. Wood, Alfred Allen, R. J. Browne, S. E. DeHaven and Wm. R. Thompson were appointed a committee by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly, under the following resolution:

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That inasmuch as a committee of the House of Representatives have reported that they had heard evidence conducing strongly to show that Joshua F. Bullitt, a Judge of the Court of Appeals for this Commonwealth, was guilty of belonging to a treasonable association, it is therefore the opinion of this Legislature that the said Bullitt's conduct should be investigated; and that to this end a committee of five members of the House of Representatives shall be appointed to propose resolutions addressing him out of office, to be reported on the third Tuesday in May next; that it shall be the duty of this committee to cause the attendance of witnesses on process to be issued by said committee on that day, who shall be examined in presence of the two Houses, in joint session, by a member of the Legislature, selected by joint ballot of the two Houses, to conduct the examination, who is also to appear throughout in support of the prosecution; that the committee shall also give personal notice to Judge Bullitt of the sitting of the Legislature, and of his trial, if he is to be found in the State, or by advertisement in the Louisville Journal and Democrat in the event of his absence; and that he be permitted to appear in answer to the charges in person, or by counsel, at the bar of the Legislature in joint session; that said Bullitt may have process to procure the attendance of witnesses at the investigation; that the testimony shall be taken down in writing by some competent person, to be selected by the Speakers of the two Houses.

A copy attest:

JAMES B. LYNE, Clerk.

The Hon. Joshua F. Bullitt is notified to appear as directed by the above resolution. The committee will meet in the city of Louisville, at the Louisville Hotel, on the 30th day of March, 1865, and continue in session a reasonable time, to issue summons, if required, and perform the duties of the resolution.

All persons knowing the names of witnesses against Judge Bullitt are requested to furnish the names and residence of the witnesses to the chairman of the committee.

G. T. WOOD, Chairman.
March 6, 1865. mr8 d3t

POSTSCRIPT.

[SPECIAL TO WESTERN PRESS.]

3 A.M., March 8.

Gold Closed Last Evening at 1975-8.

Latest News from Southern Papers.

The Rebels Re-enforcing Mobile.

NEW YORK, March 7.

There was a firmer tone to railroad speculation on the street this A. M. Prices better than closing rates last evening at stock exchange. The improved feeling was lost under the pressure to sell. The largest decline was in Reading and Hudson. Miscellaneous was all quiet. Quite a fall in Mariposa and Cumberland. Coal shares dull and without spirit. Movement in government stocks very strong, especially the old issue of 5 30s, for which large European orders were received by last steamer.

Gold speculation has been unusually steady and uniform.

Money active at 7 per cent. with some complaints of a stringency. Foreign exchange is dull and lower.

Petroleum stock very quiet to-day. Market steady only. Some activity in Rynd Farm, Buchanan sold at 190, Cherry Run 110, Highgate 98, Oceanic 412, Rynd Farm 600, Webster 1.5, National 475, U. S 2,500. Petroleum dull; crude 43¾ on spot, with sales 1,000 bbls; bonded 67 @68 and free 67.

NEW YORK, March 7.

The Herald's Washington special says: The famous Senatorial drinking saloon known as the "Hole in in the Wall" for the last fifteen years, was closed this evening, and the sign over its door, which reads exclusively for Senators was turned wrong side out.

The Herald's Wilmington special says: When we came in we found a number of fine looking houses deserted. The impression was created that the inhabitants had evacuated with Bragg's troops. We now learn that these houses have been used since the early stage of the war, when their inmates fled to the interior to escape the demonstrations along the coast, which were then so generally expected.

The blockade-running business was carried on by wealthy speculators from Charleston, Richmond, Savannah and other cities of the South, and their employes were of the poorer or middle classes, who were compelled to earn a subsistence in the best way they could.

On the first attack on Fort Fisher fourteen steamers were at the wharf, one of which made its escape through the fleet on Christmas evening. Others ran out and made a return trip before the second assault, and escaped through the western inlet on the night the fort was taken.

The Times' New Orleans letter of the 23d says the multiplicity of rumors relative to the evacuation of Mobile are not true.

The rebel forts covering the city have been strengthened materially. The garrison of the city has been reenforced by 12,000 men. The city is not invested at all. The Federal troops are in Alabama.

Railroad and telegraphic communication between Mobile and Central Alabama is uninterrupted.

It is stated that Generals Beauregard, Taylor, Chalmers, Frank Gardner, D. H. Manry and others are in Mobile.

On the 15th the order was issued calling upon every able-bodied male person to bear arms, and in the evening of the same day a jubilee took place. A large amount of ordnance and ordnance stores have been received from Columbia, Georgia, during the past few weeks, while upwards of 8,000 negroes have been at work on the fortifications.

The Times' Paris correspondent says the Emperor does not intend to make any interference in our war, and is going to remove all pretext for our interfering in Mexico.

Herald's Paris correspondent says the rebel residents there were greatly elated at the absence of any allusion to our affairs from the Emperor's speech to the Legislature and assume that he has matured plans for the recognition of the confederacy soon after the 4th of March.

The Paris correspondent of the London Journal says Napoleon has a paragraph written in his address expressive of his horror at the continuance of war and a reaffirmation of neutrality. When advices from Canada reached him reporting the opening of peace negotiations at Monroe, this news placed him in a dilemma and he thought he had better for a time remain silent on the subject.

The Pope has addressed a letter to Maximilian on the Mexican Church question. The Pope claims complete freedom of action for the prelate of church, control of all of his property by archbishops and bishops, and exclusive of every dissenting worship.

NEW YORK, March 7.

Gallagher's Exchange—Gold 197 5-8. New York Central 108¾; Erie 67¾; Hudson 114¾; Reading 117¾; Illinois Cent. 117 5-8; Pittsburg 97¾; Rhode Island 94¾; North Western 33¾; Fort Wayne 92¾; Ohio and Mississippi 29¾. Gold steady.

The Tribune's Washington special says, it is reported from Hancock's headquarters at Winchester that Sheridan has defeated Early and scattered his army, but the reported capture of Early is not confirmed.

General Grant credits the report that Sherman and Schofield have united their armies at Fayetteville.

The policy of the new Secretary of the Treasury will be to contract rather than expand the currency like his predecessors. However, he will be governed by the reception the National Government loans meet with. Balance sheets against him for any deficiency must be supplied by loans and reissues.

WASHINGTON, March 7.

The report that Thomas Clements had matured his plans for the assassination of the President on inauguration day had its origin in the following facts: Clements and another person came from Alexandria on Saturday. They were both extremely disorderly, and seemed to have been drinking freely. Clements, in particular, was very abusive.

He said, using gross and profane language, that he came here to kill the president; that he was late about a half hour; and that his anxious would never forgive him for failing to do so; that he would do it that night, fifth of March; that he came expressly to do it and he would do it before he left the city; had robbed him of certain sums of money. This is the substance of the affidavit. He has been turned over from military to civil law and has been committed to jail for trial.

A select committee of the Senate, charged with the investigation of the business of furnishing transportation to the government reported Capt. Looper as being a defaulter to the amount of one million dollars, and his name was widely published in that connection. Recently Solicitor Whiting, who examined into the case, says from all the facts brought to the conclusion that Capt. Looper's conduct had been honest, honorable and patriotic, and was entitled to the respect and confidence of the government and country.

Senator Grimes, chairman Select Committee, expressed his gratification.

Mr. Whiting exonerates Captain L. from all fraud.

Unanimous confirmation of H. McCullough to-day as Secretary of the Treasury is another evidence of the estimation in which he is held as a financier.

It is generally believed that Freeman Clark, late member of Congress, will be his successor as Comptroller, though his nomination has not been made as yet.

The Supreme Court meets to-morrow to deliver opinions, and will soon adjourn.

The Tribune's Wilmington letter mentions the preparations for receiving one thousand exchanged prisoners and says the condition of those received is not so bad as at first reported. During the evacuation of the city the rebels set fire to a house containing several of our sick who were consumed in the flames. Their charred remains were found where they had perished. While pursuing Hoke, Terry captured his rear guard and all of his pontoons.

DEATHS IN ALTON.—There were buried in the city cemetery, Alton, during the month of February, thirty-three corpses, of which eighteen were children.

Draft! Draft!

The citizens of the Sixth, Seventh and Eighth wards liable to the draft are earnestly requested to meet at the east room of the Courthouse, this (Wednesday) evening, at 7½ o'clock. The object of the meeting is to advise means for procuring subscriptions to the bounty craft fund. mr8 d1

Fragrant Sozodont

Hardens and invigorates the gums, purifies and perfumes the breath, cleanses, beautifies and preserves the teeth from youth to old age. Sold by all druggists. mr8eod3

☞ If you wish to enjoy a glass of good Milwaukee lager beer, we advise you to go to Granman's saloon, on Fourth street, between Main and Market. mr8 d5

"A thing of beauty is a joy forever."

And nothing is so beautiful as a picture of health.

Headache, Nervous Pains, Sour Stomach, Distress after Eating, Prostrating Weakness Disinclination for Society, Mental Despondency, &c, are the rule rather than the exception with the human family, and have stamped their effects upon us all. The most effective, gentle, sudden and agreeable remedy is the PLANTATION BITTERS prepared by P. H. Drake & Co., of New York. F, M, W&w

LOCAL NOTICES.

☞ There is no good reason why gentlemen should wear ill-fitting shirts when they can have them made in the very best style and warranted to fit, at Green & Green's, Main and Fourth streets. This house gives much attention to this branch of its business, and asks the attention of gentleman to its shirt department. ja24 d&w

☞ W. Scott Glore, wholesale and retail dealer in books and stationery, gold pens, pocket cutlery, cheap publications, all the magazines and weeklies, photograph albums, and photographs in every variety, at New York prices. Also, New York, St. Louis and Cincinnati daily papers. Corner Third and Jefferson streets, Louisville, Ky. Sales for cash only. fe21 deodtf

Hotels! Hotels!

We are pleased to learn that our enterprising fellow citizen, the proprietor of the Planter's House, has taken charge and fitted up a new house in Cincinnati, on the corner of Fourth and Hammond streets, near the old postoffice. This house, of over one hundred good rooms, all newly furnished, is now open to the traveling public, and the proprietor hopes, by the aid of *good and efficient clerks and hands*, to see many of his old friends and customers at the Lytle House, and when you visit Cincinnati go and try the Lytle House. m:6tlm.

Wholesale Millinery Goods.

Milliners and merchants are respectfully invited to examine our stock of Bonnets, Ladies' and Children's Hats, Ribbons and Millinery Goods generally. Also, Buttons, Trimmings, Head Nets and Fancy Goods,

FOR THE SPRING TRADE.

We take every advantage

Daily Democrat.

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T OF KENTUCKY, } LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb, 25, 1865. }

General Orders No. 4:

Reliable evidence has reached these headquarters that emissaries of the rebel government are engaged in recruiting for their exhausted armies in the State of Kentucky. Appeals are again made to the young men of the State to disregard their duty and risk their lives and honor in a wicked and desperate cause, while men who have deserted the rebel service, and are now peaceably at their homes, are required to rejoin their commands, again encounter the perils of treason under the threatened penalty of betrayal to the Federal authorities, who they are taught to believe will treat them as outlaws and guerrillas.

To counteract these efforts to mislead the men who have, in good faith, deserted the rebel service, all deserters from the rebel armies, now in this department, will, within thirty days from date, report themselves to the Provost Marshal of the county in which they reside for registry. And all persons who may hereafter desert from the rebel armies, and come into this department, will, within five days after their arrival, report themselves for the same purpose.

Provost Marshals will received the report of all persons presenting themselves under this order, will register the names, age, residence, and the particular military organization from which they have deserted. Such registry will be regarded by the military authorities of this department as a distinct renunciation of all further connection with the rebel government, and as entitling the registered person, who may demean himself as a peaceable citizen, to military protection.

Persons who refuse to present themselves for registry, as required by this order, will be understood as adhering to the rebel government, and, if captured, will be treated as spies, guerrillas, or otherwise, according to the circumstances of the case.

By command of
Major General PALMER.
G. M. Bascom, Major and A. A. G.
dtMr22dw

To the Citizens of Louisville.

The committee appointed by the General Council to attend to the disbursement of the bounty fund beg leave to call the attention of the citizens to the following facts:

The fund, $200,000, appropriated by the city, is only sufficient to pay bounty to 666 2-3 men. The amount to this date contributed by the $25 subscribers to the bounty fund is $33 200, which will only pay bounties to 140 men. Thus, the two funds combined will pay for but 707 men. There have been already enlisted to the credit of the city 442 men, and there are now 450 men more who offer to enlist. When they shall be enlisted, it will make the number credited to Louisville 892 men, which is 65 men more than the two funds (as at present) combined will pay. Besides, even if this number of 892 men should be paid, there would still be a deficiency of 350 men; and unless this deficiency is made up *the draft will be ordered.* In addition to the 450 men, now about to be enlisted, others can be procured; they are daily offering and there will be no difficulty in procuring enough and more than enough men to fill the city's quota and avoid the draft.

Let the citizens, therefore, come forward at once and subscribe to the fund, so that we may not have to turn away the volunteers for want of funds to pay the bounty. This we must do, unless the citizens promptly come forward to morrow; for, as before observed, we have already more men engaged than the fund will now pay. Let every citizen take an interest in the matter, and not be satisfied alone with subscribing, but let him urge others to come forward and subscribe, and not cease his work till enough money is raised to pay off the city's quota.

WM KATE, Mayor, Ch'n.
SAMUEL M. MILLER,
JOHN D ORRILL,
JOS T. TOMPKINS,
JOHN CARTER,
HENRY WOLFORD.

March 3, 1865-dtf. Committee.

Notice.

The bonds of the city of Louisville, to the amount of $200,000, authorized to be issued to raise a bounty fund, will be ready for sale as soon as they can be printed and filled up, which will be in a few days.

The bonds are for $1,000 each, with coupons attached for semi-annual payment of interest; one hundred of the bonds being payable ten years after date, and the other hundred payable twenty years after date.

That the citizens of Kentucky, especially of Louisville, may have an opportunity of making an investment in the purchase of the bonds to such amount as they may wish, those who desire to purchase will please at once address the Mayor of the city, giving their names and residence, the number and character of the bonds proposed to be bought, and the highest price they are willing to pay therefor. This invitation for proposals is not, however, limited to citizens of Kentucky.

WM. KATE, Mayor.
February 20, 1865. dtf

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF KENTUCKY, } Louisville, Ky, March 4, 1865. }

General Orders No 7

The Post Commandant of Louisville will at once suppress all slave pens and other private establishments for the confinement of persons in the city, and will discharge persons confined.

He will report the execution of this order.

By command of
Major-General PALMER.
J. P. Watson, Capt. and A. A. A. G.
M 5 dtd

PETROLEUM.

...at NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL

PETROLEUM COMPANY,

ORGANIZED UNDER THE MINING AND MANUFACTURING LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

Capital, One Million Dollars,

IN

One Hundred Thousand Shares,

AT

$10 per Share; Not Liable to Assessment.

Government Bonds & Securities taken in Payment for stock.

OFFICES:

No. 24 Empire Building,

71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Postoffice Address, Box 5,368, New York.

OFFICERS:

Hon. DANIEL S. DICKINSON, President.
WM. T. PHIPPS, Vice President.
ROBERT BARRETT, Secretary.
H. J. BURTIS, Mining Superintendent, Titusville, Pa.
ATLANTIC BANK, 145 Broadway, N. Y., Treasurer.

THE WELLS OF THE COMPANY ARE NOW PRODUCING OIL.

Payment for stock may be made in drafts, registered notes, or government bonds and securities, which bonds and securities will be taken at their market value.

Remittances may be addressed to the Company, P. O. Box 5,368, New York City, or to "Atlantic Bank, Treasury of the New York and Liverpool Petroleum Company, 142 Broadway, New York City."

Prospectus sent to any address on application, containing a full and clear account of the operations of this

Most Successful Petroleum Company.

mr2 dtf

R. A. ROBINSON & CO.,

515 Main st., bet. Fifth and Sixth,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs,

WINDOW GLASS, GLASSWARE,

Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Perfumery, &c.

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR HEAVY SPRING supply, comprising a large and well selected stock, to which they invite the attention of dealers visiting this market. All orders will receive prompt and careful attention.

mr2 d&wlm

WINDOW GLASS.—2,000 BOXES WINDOW GLASS for sale by
mr2 d&wlm R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

GLASSWARE.—1,000 BOXES GLASSWARE, Assorted, for sale by
mr2 d&wlm R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

WHITE LEAD.—1,000 KEGS WHITE LEAD, IN OIL, for sale by
mr2 d&wlm R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

CASTOR OIL.—40 BBLS CASTOR OIL FOR SALE BY
mr2 d&wlm R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

COAL OIL.—25 BBLS COAL OIL OR REFINED Petroleum, for sale by
mr2 d&wlm R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

CHEMICALS—
200 ounces Sulphate Morphia;
1000 do do Quinine;
500 lbs Calomel;
500 lbs Blue Mass;
300 lbs Hydriodate Potash; for sale by
mr2 d&wlm R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

CREAM TARTAR AND SODA.—
100 kegs Bi-Carb Soda;
10 bbls Cream Tartar; for sale by
mr2 d&wlm R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HATS, CAPS,

—AND—

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

At Wholesale and Retail.

I AM NOW RECEIVING, AND WILL CONTINUE to receive through the season, all the most desirable styles of goods in my line, which I will offer at wholesale or retail as low as the market will allow. My stock of

Shoulder Straps, Belts, Traveling Bags and Haversacks,

Will be sold very low. My remaining stock of

FURS

I will sell at COST.

Wm. F. Osborn,

225 MAIN ST., BET. SECOND AND THIRD.
mr4

DAVID HART. BENJ. HART

HART & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CLOTHING,

Nos. 70 and 72 Leonard Street,

NEW YORK,

WOULD INFORM THEIR FRIENDS AND FORMER customers that they have taken the large and spacious WAREHOUSE Nos. 70 and 72 LEONARD STREET, and are prepared to offer inducements both in price and style, and, from their long experience in the Western and Southwestern trade, hope to deserve the patronage of those buying

Clothing

For that market. Merchants will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing.

HART & CO.

P. S.—Particular attention paid to filling of orders.
feb4 dlmeis

CIGARS.

U. S. HOTEL CIGAR STAND,

Three doors above Fourth, on Jefferson st.

HAVING OPENED A CIGAR STAND IN THE U. S. Hotel, stocked with everything in the Cigar and Tobacco line, I hope to deserve the patronage of my old friends, former patrons and all lovers of good Cigars and Tobacco. G. L. GRATHER.
feb18 dtf

BARKLEY & FISHBACK,

General Government Claim Agents,

CORNER OF FIFTH AND JEFFERSON.

HAVING LATELY ASSOCIATED WITH THEIR firm Capt. W. O. WATTS, late of the Thirty-seventh Ky. Inf'y, are prepared to settle the accounts of

ARMY OFFICERS

With the Ordnance and Quartermaster's Departments at Washington City, and procure for them

Certificates of Non-Indebtedness.

They will give their attention to the collection of all kinds of Government Claims, such as PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, &c., and are prepared at short notice to make out any and all kinds of VOUCHERS, Affidavits, Muster Rolls, and other Military papers.

Capt. WATTS being a practicing Lawyer, and having had experience as JUDGE ADVOCATE, will practice before Courts Martial and Military Commissions, and generally attend to any legal business connected with the Military.
feb3 d1m

CHERRY, DANIEL & CO.,

Bankers & Brokers,

No. 49 Wall Street,

New York.

W. H. CHERRY, } of Memphis, Tenn.
R. C. DANIEL, }
T. F. TERRELL, } of Paducah, Ky.
THOS. P. AKERS, }

(Postoffice Box 2,909.)

STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD, AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold on Commission.
mr4 dlm

JOHN P. MORTON & CO.,

AGENTS FOR

FRANKLIN TYPE AND STEREOTYPE Foundery,

425 Main st., Louisville, Ky.

WE KEEP ON HAND AND FURNISH TO ORDER, at Foundery prices, all articles used by printers—Presses, Type, Rule, Leads, Furniture, Cases, Galleys, Sticks, etc. TERMS CASH.

☞ The highest price paid for old Type. mr3 dlm

Pianos for Rent.

MR. T. P. CRAGG, LATE OF THE FIRM OF TRIPP & CRAGG, wishes to state to his many friends and the public that he has removed his entire stock of Pianos, Melodeons and Organs to the well-known music establishment of D. P. Faulds, 228 Main street, where he will continue to rent them at his usual fair prices
fe28 dasd

B. FLETCHER.

Great Western Billiard Room,

U. S. HOTEL,

Corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets,

mr3 d&slm LOUISVILLE, KY.

LYTLE HOUSE,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

ACTON YOUNG.

CALDWELL AND DALTON, Clerks.
mr4 dlm

MRS EUGENIA SHELTON

THE ACCOMPLISHED HAIR-DRESSER, OF CINCINNATI, has arrived in this city, and will devote a short season to her professional duties. Ladies' hair dressed in the latest Parisian styles, which she receives monthly via New York. Ladies served at their residences at the shortest notice, by leaving their address at her residence, on Walnut street, bet. Jackson and Hancock, opposite the city reservoir.
mr4 d6*

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE FIRM OF H. FERGUSON & SON IS THIS DAY dissolved by mutual consent, H. Ferguson withdrawing. All debts due by, and all debts due to, the concern will be settled by David Ferguson, who will continue the business as heretofore in the name of H. Ferguson & Son.

H. FERGUSON,
DAVID FERGUSON.

Louisville, Ky., March 4th, 1865. mr4 dlo

County Bonds.

TUESDAY NEXT WE WILL HAVE BONDS OF THE County to sell. These Bonds bear 6 per cent. interest and the taxes of the county are pledged for their redemption.

ANDREW MONROE,
G. D. DOREN
J. G. WILSON.
mr6 dtf

AL. BOURLIER,

MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET IRON WARE,

Japanned, Enameled & Planished Ware.

fe24 d3m

A CARD.

MRS. DR. HEIS,

Clairvoyant and Fortune-Teller.

MRS. H. IS ACTUATED BY THE DESIRE OF DOING good and giving comfort and consolation to sorrowing humanity. In all love affairs she gives the best counsel that can be had. Her scheme of winning the finest feelings of humanity never fails. No. 308 First street, between Market and Jefferson. Office hours from 8 o'clock A. M. to 9 o'clock P. M. fe24 dlm

Subscriptions to the Draft Fund.

WE ARE APPOINTED BY THE JEFFERSON County Court, in conjunction with the precinct committee to receive subscriptions from residents out of the county outside of the city. No person can have the benefit of the county draft fund without paying ($30) twenty dollars.

Payments can be made at the Anzeiger office, Jefferson street, near Third, J. G. Wilson's office, Jefferson street, near Center, or at the County Court Clerk's office.

ANDREW MONROE,
G. P. DOREN,
J. G. WILSON.
mr4 dtf

MRS. WOOLFORT,

Fortune-Teller,

Southeast corner Preston and Market sts.,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE public that she may be consulted at the above place for all future events. Her advice and prophecy by marriage, trials, &c., never failed. fe28 d3w*

PLANTERS' HOTEL.

THIS HOTEL IS OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.
GIVE US A CALL.
FARE $2 50 PER DAY.
ACTON YOUNG.
fe15 dtf

Buena Vista Oil and Mining Company.

THE BOOKS OF THIS COMPANY ARE NOW OPEN. Parties desiring to subscribe for Stock can do so by applying to R. Atwood, Main street, between Third and Fourth, or to R. J. Menefee, 118 Main street.

R. J. MENEFEE, Sec'y.
R. ATWOOD, Treasurer. mr4 dtf

Removal and Copartnership.

JOHN JOHNSTON HAS REMOVED TO NO. 627 Main street, one door above Seventh, the house lately occupied by Mr. R. P. Shapard, and has associated with him Messrs H. C. MITCHELL and T. MANION, of Scottsville, Ky., and will continue the Grocery business under the style of JOHNSTON, MITCHELL & CO
fe6 dlm

INSURANCE.

KENTUCKY MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

LOUISVILLE, January 16th, 1865.

THIS COMPANY INSURES AGAINST loss or damage by fire, and against perils of navigation on the seas, bays, rivers, lakes, canals, and overland by railroads, on the mutual plan, on easy risks rateably divided semi-annually among the business contributors. ☞ Office northwest corner of Main and Fourth streets, Louisville, Ky.

DIRECTORS.

E. A. GARDNER, A. BRANDEIS, WM. C. HULL, JAMES M. DUNCAN, W. H. WALKER, JOHN M. DAVIS, P. B. ATWOOD, Pres't.

M. A. HUSTON, Sec'y. jal6 d3m

JOHN D. OTTER. THOS. HACKETT, (Late of Franklin, Ky.) WM. P. OTTER.

OTTER, HACKETT & CO.,

(Successors to OTTER & ALLEN).

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

202 & 204 Sixth Street,

bet. Main and Market sts.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.
mr3 dlm

Fine Chewing Tobacco.

THE UNDERSIGNED MANUFACTURERS HAVE on hand and for sale a large stock of fine Chewing Tobacco, made from the best Southern Kentucky Leaf, put up in large and small packages to suit the retail trade, viz:

Bright Empress Lbs;
Bright Empress 10 Lump;
Cumberland Quarters, in caddies;
Nectar Lbs, in half butts;

Which we offer to the trade at low prices, at our Factory, on Second street, between Main and Market.

WHITE & REED.
ja27 dtf

COPARTNERSHIP.

I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED WITH MEE S. STEWARD, and will continue in the Wholesale and Retail Grocery trade and Feed Store, on Market street, between Sixth and Seventh. We keep constantly on hand a complete and full assortment of Goods, and would always be glad to see our friends.

O. H. SOMERVILLE.
ap20 dtf

A. H. & W. O. GARDNER,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

418 Main Street, bet. Fourth and Fifth,

One door above the Citizens' Bank,

ja31 d3m LOUISVILLE, KY.

H. HARRIS & ROSENAU,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Gents' Clothing

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS,

No. 428 Main street, bet. Fourth and Fifth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.
fe16 d2m

JNO. H. GRIFFITH. BEN. S. BOARD

GRIFFITH & BOARD,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

—AND DEALERS IN—

Groceries and Produce,

312 Main Street, bet. Third and Fourth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

REFERENCES.

J. W. Card sell, Esq., Cashier Harrodsburg Exchange Bank.
Spratt & Co., Pickett Tobacco Warehouse.
Glover & Co., Boone "
S. F. J. Ronald, Ninth-street "
Phelps, Caldwell & Co., Louisville "
Nock, Wicks & Co., "
Wm. S. Davis, Esq., "
A. Rawson & Co., "
Gardner & Co., "
jy20 dt

J. M. DAVIS. S. P. CARY.

J. M. DAVIS & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign & Domestic Liquors

627 MAIN ST., LOUISVILLE, KY.

oc29 dtf

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE State Treasurer's office, in the city of Frankfort, until the 24th day of March next, for the erection of a Work-shop, Chapel, Dining-room and Smoke-house; Steam Heating Apparatus for Work-shop, Chapel and Dining-room; Steam Engine, Boilers, Shafting, Belts, Pumps and Pulleys in the Kentucky Penitentiary, according to plans and specifications in possession of the Commissioners, which can be seen by application at the Treasurer's office; agreeable to the act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, entitled "An act for the Benefit of the Kentucky Penitentiary," approved February 20th, 1865.

J. H. GARRARD,
PHILIP SWIGERT,
JOHN E. TEMPLE,
Commissioners.

FRANKFORT, February 14, 1865. fe15 dtd

WOLF & DURRINGER,

JEWELERS,

233 Third St.,

Bet. Main and Market,

ARE IN RECEIPT OF FINE GOODS FOR THE Holidays. Give us a call. no29 dtf

TAYLOR CRANE,

(Successor to WM. LINDSAY.)

Wholesale Grocer,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

And Dealer in Country Produce,

No. 125 south side Main street, bet. Seventh and Eighth.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO THE PURchase and sale of Tobacco. ja4 d6m

Tobacco, Tobacco.

50 HALF BUTTS REED'S BRIGHT LBS;
40 " " Valley Run lbs;
125 caddies Isabella bright tens;
200 " Black Sweet tens;
50 boxes Navy lbs;
200 caddies Navy 8 lbs;
100 " Black Sweet quarters;
On consignment and for sale by
DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.,
fe20 dlm Commission Merchants, 428 Main st.

Cigars, Cigars.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF THE BEST BRANDS just received from Eastern manufacturers for sale by
DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.,
fe20 dlm Commission Merchants, 428 Main st.

Soaps, Soaps.

400 BOXES ST. LOUIS PALM AND GERMAN soaps just received and for sale at factory prices by
DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.,
fe20 dlm Commission Merchants, 428 Main st.

Whisky, Whisky.

500 BBLS RAW;
200 bbls new and old Copper Whisky for sale by
DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.,
fe20 dlm Commission Merchants, 428 Main st.

Safes, Safes.

WE ARE AGENTS FOR THE BEST SAFES IN present use, and invite buyers to examine ours before purchasing.
DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO., Agents,
fe20 dlm 428 Main street.

Hops, Hops, Hops.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT RECEIVED AND FOR sale at very low figures by
DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.,
fe20 dlm Commission Merchants, 428 Main st.

Butter, Butter.

JUST RECEIVED FIVE THOUSAND LBS FRESH Roll Butter for sale by
DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.,
fe20 dlm Commission Merchants, 428 Main st.

RESTAURANTS.

POTOMAC SHAD!

First of the Season!

—AT—

WALKER'S EXCHANGE,

mr4 d&d3 Third st., bet. Main and Market.

NEW HOTEL,

On the European Style,

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

OYSTERS, FISH & GAME

Of the season on hand.

Meals Furnished at Private Residences.

On short notice, and all necessary waiters furnished.

OLD ORMSBY HOUSE,

Main st., bet. Fourth and Fifth.
oc31 dtf W. A. CLARK & CO., Proprietors.

C. C. RUFER & CO.,

FIFTH ST., BET. MAIN AND MARKET.

SOLE AGENTS FOR JOHN W. HARIES' DAYTON ALE & PORTER; SMITH'S WHEELING, LILL'S CHICAGO ALE. Wholesale dealers in all kinds of fine

WINES AND LIQUORS AND CIGARS, FANCY GROCERIES, ETC.

ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT,

FIFTH STREET, BET. MAIN AND MARKET.
fe6 dtf C. C. RUFER & CO., Proprietors.

OHIO AND KENTUCKY

PETROLEUM AND MINING

Company,

Incorporated Under the Laws of the States of Ohio and Kentucky, Feb., 1865.

Capital Stock, $1,000,000

IN 200,000 SHARES AT $5 EACH.

Working Capital Reserved for Development of Properties, $10,000.

A Limited Amount of Stock Reserved at $2 50.

Lands Located in Washington County, Ohio, and Oil Creek, Penn.

OFFICERS.

B. F. PEIXOTTO, President.
J. VON BORRIES, Vice President.
THEODORE SCHWARTZ, Treasurer.
WM. KRIEGSHABER, Secretary.

TRUSTEES.

B. F. PEIXOTTO, of Davis, Peixotto & Co., Cleveland, O.
J. VON BORRIES, of J. Von Borries & Co., Louisville, Ky.
THEODORE SCHWARTZ, of John Smidt & Co., " "
WM. KRIEGSHABER, of W. Kriegshaber, " "
GEO. A. DAVIS, of Geo. A. Davis & Co., New York.
HENRY OBERDORFER, of O. Lichten & Co., New York.
ABRAHAM KAHN, Esq., of Philadelphia, Pa.
ISAAC WOLF, of Kahn & Wolf, Louisville, Ky.
HENRY DREYS, of H. Dreyes, Louisville, Ky.
E. C. YATES, of Tod, Yates & Co., Cleveland, O.
MANUEL HALLE, of M. Halle & Co., Cleveland, O.

BANKERS.

JOHN SMIDT & CO., Louisville, Ky.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS WILL BE OPEN AT THE Banking House of Messrs. John Smidt & Co., on Tuesday, February 21st, when a limited amount of subscriptions at two dollars and fifty cents ($2 50) will be received, upon which no further call for assessment will be made, and on which dividends, when declared, will be paid at the full par value $5.

For further information inquire of the Secretary and Treasurer, Main street, Louisville, Ky., or of the President, Cleveland, Ohio. fe16 dlm

NOTICE.

ROBERT FLOYD, ESQ., IS ADMITTED A PARTNER in our house from this date. The style will be as heretofore. MITCHELL & ARMSTRONG.
Louisville, Jan. 1, 1865.—ja2 d3m

J. W. MITCHELL. VENE P. ARMSTRONG. ROBERT FLOYD.

MITCHELL & ARMSTRONG,

Provision and Commission

MERCHANTS,

222 Main Street,

Between Second and Third,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

DEALERS IN

Pork, Bacon, Lard, Flour, &c.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

Alcohol, Cologne Spirits, Bourbon and Raw Whiskys, &c. &c.

ja2 d3m

A. F. CLARK. C. G. SMITH.

CLARK & SMITH,

(Formerly A. F. Clark & Co.)

GROCERS,

Produce & Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, PLASTER PARIS, CEMENT,

Utica White Lime, &c.,

Woodenware, Cordage and Clover Seed,

Market street, bet. Brook and Floyd, three doors above A. F. Clark's Mill,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

☞ The highest cash price paid for all kinds of Country Produce. de7 d6m

FIRE CRACKERS.—400 BOXES NO. 1 GOLD CHOP Fire Crackers in store and for sale by
de8 d3m CLARK & SMITH, Market st.

NEW RAISINS.—
75 boxes Layer Raisins;
50 ½ do do do;
50 ¼ do do do;
Just received by Railroad and for sale by
de8 d3m CLARK & SMITH

HAKE.—
15 drums No. 1 Hake;
20 ½ do do do; In store and for sale by
de8 d3m CLARK & SMITH

MACKEREL.—
250 kits Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel;
250 ½ bbls Nos. 1, 2 and 3 do;
In store and for sale by
de8 d3m CLARK & SMITH.

The Genuine Brinly Plow.

WE HAVE ON HAND A LARGE stock of all sizes of this unrivaled Plow, manufactured of the very best materials, under the personal supervision of our Mr. Brinly, the inventor and patentee. We are also agents for the

Monitor Clothes Washer and Wringer, Forsyth's Scales, Lewis' Patent Calendar Clocks, W. F. Shaw's Patent Gas Stoves.

BRINLY, HODGE & HARDY,

fe9 d1l 325 W. Main st., bet. Third and Fourth, Louisville, Ky.

REMOVAL.

HAVING REMOVED TO THE CITY, I AM PERmanently located.

Office on Jefferson street, between First and Second, north side. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
fe27 dlm* E. W. MASON.

HIBBITT & SON,

233 Market Street, bet. Second and Third,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

de8

SUNDRIES.—
400 bushels new Dried Apples;
100 kegs new Leaf Lard;
50 boxes Pineapple Cheese;
25 boxes Shaker Preserves;
100 sacks fresh Buckwheats;
200 pieces choice Smoked Beef;
25 bbls choice Crab and Sweet Cider;
100 packages Christmas Goods; for sale by
de8 HIBBITT & SON.

SUNDRIES.—
300 bbls choice Family Flour, "Gold Dust," &c.
75 bbls Crushed, Granulated and Refined Sugars;
200 bbls Neshannock and Mercer Potatoes;
50 boxes German Soap;
50 boxes Pearl starch;
75 boxes Star and Tallow Candles;
25 kegs Golden Syrup;
100 kegs assorted Nails; for sale by
de8 HIBBITT & SON.

Seeds.

100 BAGS CLOVER SEED;
247 bags Timothy do;
60 do Hungarian & Seed; in store and for sale by
GEO. C. HUNTER,
Main street, bet. Third and Fourth.

MEDICAL.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

IRREGULARITIES

AND THE "ONLY SURE" AND CERTAIN REMEDY for all those afflicting complaints peculiar to the sex, whether "married or single." Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition, as the proprietor assumes no responsibility, after the above admonition, although their mildness would prevent any mischief to health. Otherwise the Pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box.

50,000 BOXES HAVE BEEN SOLD IN TWO YEARS, and ladies say nothing like the above Pills has been known to quiet the nerves, restore nature to its proper channel, and bring back the rosy color of health to the cheek of the most delicate.

PRICE $1 PER BOX—SIX BOXES FOR $5.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS,

And at Wholesale by the following houses in the city of Louisville, Ky.: R. A. ROBINSON & CO., No. 515 Main street; J. S. MORRIS & SONS, No. 443 Main street; ED WIN MORRIS & CO., No. 528 Main street, and OWEN & SUTTON, northwest corner Market and Floyd sts.

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